

## Homework 5

Multivariable Analysis, Spring 2014

Instructor: Mert Gurbuzbalaban

- Assigned: Apr 18, Due: Apr 28 (in class)
- Please do not submit homework by email. Submit a hard copy to me in class. For HW submissions after this, please reach out to our grader Insuk directly and send him a reminder([insuk@cims.nyu.edu](mailto:insuk@cims.nyu.edu)). Late HWs will be assessed a late penalty of 10% per day.
- Please staple your homeworks.
- Insuk has a one-time special office hour for claiming all the grades of assignments/exams, the exact date is:

[April 24th, Thursday, 1:00-2:30pm, WWH 1004](#)

If there is any error/question about your grades, please wait until then for your objections/questions.

- Ground rules for homework: you can get help from any source (friends, relatives, books, the web) but you must acknowledge the source in your submission.

*Note that one more question at the end is added to this homework by April 21st.*

1. Section 4.7 of the book: Problems 1, 2.
2. Section 6.2 of the book: Problem 5.
3. Section 6.3 of the book: Problem 3.
4. Section 6.4 of the book: Problem 1,2.
5. Section 7.1 of the book: Problem 3,4.
6. Section 7.2 of the book: Problem 2,3.
7. Let

$$\mathcal{P}_1^7 = \{p(z) : p(z) = z^7 + \sum_{i=1}^7 a_i z^{7-i}, a_i \in \mathbb{R} \text{ for all } i = 1, 2, \dots, 7\}$$

denote the set of monic polynomials of degree 7 (polynomials of degree 7 with a leading coefficient equal to 1).

Assume that we have an affine constraint on the coefficients  $a_i \in \mathbb{R}$  of the form  $B_0 + \sum_{i=1}^7 B_i a_i = 0$  where  $B_i \in \mathbb{R}$  and not all  $B_i$  are zero, i.e.,  $\sum_{i=0}^7 |B_i| > 0$ . Consider the subset of monic polynomials satisfying this constraint:

$$\mathcal{C} = \{p(z) \in \mathcal{P}_1^7 : p(z) = z^7 + \sum_{i=1}^7 a_i z^{7-i}, B_0 + \sum_{i=1}^7 B_i a_i = 0\}$$

$$\inf_{p \in \mathcal{C}} \max\{|z| : p(z) = 0\}$$

- (a) **(Easy)** Show that the infimum above is attained. Hint: Use compactness and continuity.
- (b) **(Hard)** Show that there exists an optimizer of the form  $(z-\gamma)^k(z+\gamma)^{7-k}$  for some  $k$  and  $\gamma$ . Hint: Starting with an optimizer, use implicit function theorem to show that you can perturb the roots in certain directions if you need to, while staying optimal.