# The SILK System: Scalable and Expressive Semantic Rules

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#### **ABSTRACT**

SILK is a new knowledge representation (KR) language and system that integrates and extends recent theoretical and implementation advances in semantic rules and ontologies. It addresses fundamental requirements for scaling the Semantic Web to large knowledge bases in science and business that answer questions, proactively supply info, and reason powerfully. SILK radically extends the KR power of W3C OWL RL, SPARQL, and RIF-BLD, as well as of SQL and production rules. It includes defaults (cf. Courteous LP), higher-order features (cf. HiLog), frame syntax (cf. F-Logic), external actions (cf. production rules), and sound interchange with the main existing forms of knowledge/data in the Semantic Web and deep Web. These features cope with knowledge quality and context, provide flexible metareasoning, and activate knowledge.

## 1. OVERVIEW

SILK¹ (Semantic Inferencing for Large Knowledge) is a new knowledge representation (KR) system that includes a language, reasoner, user interface, and interchange capabilities. It is an ambitious effort by Vulcan Inc., which also develops Semantic MediaWiki+² and venture invests in semantic technology. SILK addresses fundamental requirements for scaling the Semantic Web to Very Large Knowledge Bases (VLKBs) in business and science that answer questions, proactively supply info, and reason powerfully.

SILK radically extends the KR power of W3C OWL 2 RL, SPARQL, and RIF-BLD $^3$  —and of SQL and production rules. It includes:

- Defaults and robust conflict handling to cope with knowledge quality and context;
- Higher-order and flexible meta-reasoning to elevate meta-data to meta-knowledge; and

• Actions and events, cf. production rules and process models — to activate knowledge.

SILK's language and semantics are based on *Hyper* Logic Programs, a new expressive extension of declarative logic programs (LP).

Its defaults and conflict handling features are based on:

- (1) Argumentation Theories [4], a new expressive extension (and simplifying reformulation) of Courteous LP; and
- (2) Hypermonotonic mapping, a new approach for sound interchange with first-order classical logic (FOL) that generalizes the method used in Description Logic Programs [2] and OWL 2 RL (i.e, OWL's Rules profile).

SILK's higher-order and meta-reasoning features are based on HiLog LP [1], a form of quasi higher-order that is expressively reducible to first-order, along with reification.

SILK also supports well-founded (nonmonotonic) negation, frame syntax cf. F-Logic [3], logical functions, integrity constraints, Lloyd-Topor transformations, loading and dynamic querying of remote Web knowledge sources, triggering of procedurally attached actions such as remote Web services, causal effects of actions, and a number of other features.

Despite its expressive power, Hyper LP is tractable under non-onerous restrictions; it has practically the same computational complexity as Horn LP (similar to Horn FOL).

The syntax and semantics of SILK have been heavily influenced by RuleML, Semantic Web Services Language (SWSL), FLORA-2, W3C Rule Interchange Format (RIF), and their predecessors.

The SILK effort includes development of use cases and requirements in e-science, business policies, ontology mapping, e-commerce, and biomedical.

Overall, SILK aims to redefine the KR playing field for the Semantic Web, business rules, and rule-based process management. Current commercially important systems there have barely progressed in expressive power since the early 1980's. SILK provides new techniques and implementation to integrate two decades of fundamental research advances in semantic rules and ontologies based on declarative logic programs, the same KR that underpins SQL and relational database management systems as well as SPARQL and OWL RL.

<sup>1</sup>http://silk.semwebcentral.org

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>http://wiki.ontoprise.de

<sup>3</sup> http://www.w3.org/2005/rules/wiki/RIF\_Working\_Group

<sup>4</sup>http://flora.sourceforge.net

```
<>[rdfs:comment->"Toxic discharge into a river causes fish die-off",
   owl:versionInfo->"$Id$".
  dc:source->"http://silk.semwebcentral.org/SemTech-2009-v31.pdf"] ;
// Initial facts, and an "exclusion" constraint that fish count has a unique value
occupies(trout, Squamish):
fishCount(0, Squamish, trout, 400);
!- fishCount(?s, ?r, ?f, ?C1) and fishCount(?s, ?r, ?f, ?C2) | ?C1 != ?C2 ;
// Action/event description that specifies causal change, i.e., effect on next state
@tdf1 fishCount(?s+1, ?r, ?f, 0) :- occurs(?s, toxicDischarge, ?r) and occupies(?f, ?r);
// Persistence ("frame") axiom
@pef1 fishCount(?s+1, ?r, ?f, ?p) :- fishCount(?s, ?r, ?f, ?p) ;
// Action effect axiom has higher priority than persistence axiom
@pr1 silk:overrides(tdf1, pef1) ;
// An action instance occurs
@UhOh occurs(1, toxicDischarge, Squamish);
/* As desired: |= fishCount(1, Squamish, trout, 400) and fishCount(2, Squamish, trout, 0); */
```

Figure 1: SILK rule set demonstrating conflict resolution and other features

#### 2. AN EXAMPLE

Figure 1 shows a SILK rule set that demonstrates several language features, including conflict resolution between two default rules, in an environmental process modeling domain.

The initial statement provide metadata about the rule set (identified using the relative URI <> to refer to the containing document). These are followed by initial conditions in state 0 and a constraint. Squamish is a river in British Columbia.

A rule describing the effect of a toxic discharge event (labeled tdf1) is followed by a "frame" axiom (labeled pef1) that characterizes steady-state conditions. Use of the silk:overrides predicate in the statement labeled pr1 indicates that tdf1 has a higher priority than pef1, i.e. that only the head of tdf1 is implied when the bodies of both tdf1 and pef1 are satisfied.

The statement labeled UhOh adds a toxic discharge event and the final comment includes statements that are correctly inferred, using rules pef1 and then tdf1.

# 3. IMPLEMENTATION

SILK Version 1 employs a version of FLORA-2 (known as Cornsilk) extended to support defaults and argumentation theories [4].

SILK Version 2 also uses Cornsilk as its reasoning engine but incorporates a Java API for language parsing, user interface functions (including a Jabber/XMPP Instant Messaging interface), interfaces to the Semantic Web and Web services, and interoperability using RIF. At ISWC 2009, Version 2 will be used to demonstrate prioritized conflict handling over Semantic Web data in a relevant application domain.

A public release of SILK, free for research use, is planned for late 2009.

SILK Version 3 will continue to use the Java API and emphasize scalability and performance. More information can

be found on the SILK website at the URL above.

#### 4. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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