

Your PRINTED name is: \_\_\_\_\_

**Grading**  
1  
2  
3

Please circle your recitation: \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) M 2 2-131 P. Lee 2-087 2-1193 lee
- 2) M 2 2-132 T. Lawson 4-182 8-6895 tlawson
- 4) T 10 2-132 P-O. Persson 2-363A 3-4989 persson
- 5) T 11 2-131 P-O. Persson 2-363A 3-4989 persson
- 6) T 11 2-132 P. Pylyavskyy 2-333 3-7826 pasha
- 7) T 12 2-132 T. Lawson 4-182 8-6895 tlawson
- 8) T 12 2-131 P. Pylyavskyy 2-333 3-7826 pasha
- 9) T 1 2-132 A. Chan 2-588 3-4110 alicec
- 10) T 1 2-131 D. Chebikin 2-333 3-7826 chebikin
- 11) T 2 2-132 A. Chan 2-588 3-4110 alicec
- 12) T 3 2-132 T. Lawson 4-182 8-6895 tlawson

- 1 (30 pts.) a) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Markov matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} .9 & .4 \\ .1 & .6 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) What is the limiting value of  $A^k \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$  as the power  $k$  goes to infinity?

- c) What does it mean to say that “ $A$  is similar to  $B$ ”?

Is that 2 by 2 matrix  $A$  similar (yes or no) to its transpose  $B$ ?

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} .9 & .1 \\ .4 & .6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Give a reason for your answer.

$x$

2 (40 pts.) This 4 by 4 matrix  $H$  is a Hadamard matrix:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{*Key Properties*} \\ H^T = H \quad \text{and} \quad H^2 = 4I \end{array}$$

- Figure out the eigenvalues of  $H$ . Explain your reasoning.
- Figure out  $H^{-1}$  and the determinant of  $H$ . Explain your reasoning.
- This matrix  $S$  contains three eigenvectors of  $H$ . Find a 4th eigenvector  $x_4$  and explain your reasoning:

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Find the solution to  $du/dt = Hu$  given that  $u(0) =$  third column of  $S$ .

*xx*

**3 (30 pts.)** Suppose  $A$  is a 3 by 3 symmetric matrix with eigenvalues 2, 5, 7 and corresponding eigenvectors  $x_1, x_2, x_3$ .

a) Suppose  $x$  is a combination  $x = c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + c_3x_3$ . Find  $Ax$ . Now find  $x^T Ax$  using the symmetry of  $A$ . Prove that  $x^T Ax > 0$  (unless  $x = 0$ ).

b) Suppose those eigenvectors have length 1 (unit vectors). Show that  $B = 2x_1x_1^T + 5x_2x_2^T + 7x_3x_3^T$  has the same eigenvectors and eigenvalues as  $A$ . Is  $B$  necessarily the same matrix as  $A$  (yes or no)?

c) For which numbers  $b$  does this matrix have 3 positive eigenvalues?

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & b & 3 \\ b & 2 & b \\ 3 & b & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Note:** The SVD will be on the final when you have more time to digest it.

*xxx*