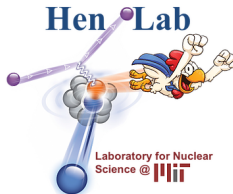


# Generalized Contact Formalism Event Generator

Axel Schmidt

MIT

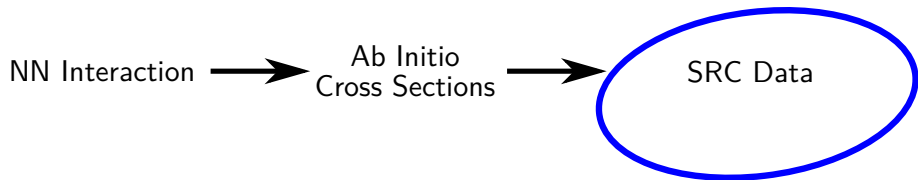
March 22, 2019



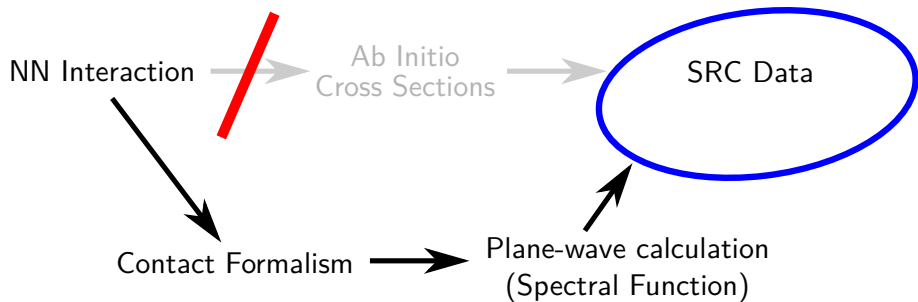
# My controversial claim:

Our new analysis shows that SRC data can constrain the  $NN$  interaction *up to relative momenta of 1 GeV/c*.

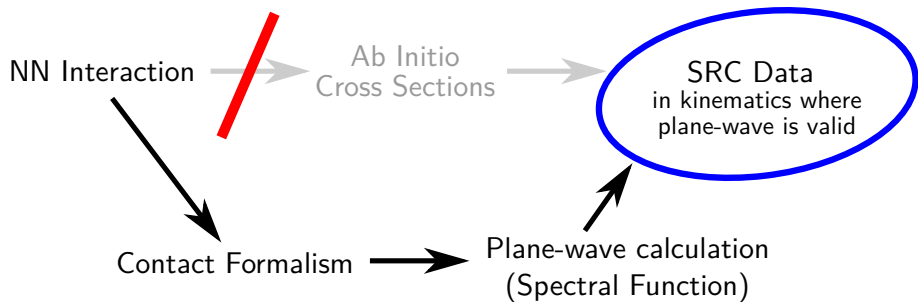
# Constraining the $NN$ interaction with SRC data



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# Generalized Contact Formalism

When  $r_{ij} \rightarrow 0$  or  $k_{ij} \rightarrow \infty$ :

$$\psi(r_1, r_2 \dots r_A) \longrightarrow \varphi(r_{ij}) \times A(r_1, \dots r_A)$$

Universal  $\approx$  constant

# Generalized Contact Formalism

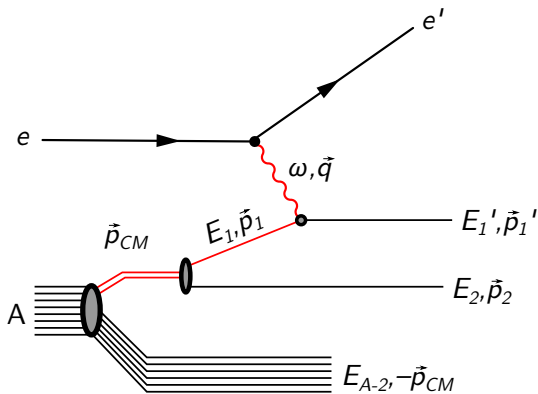
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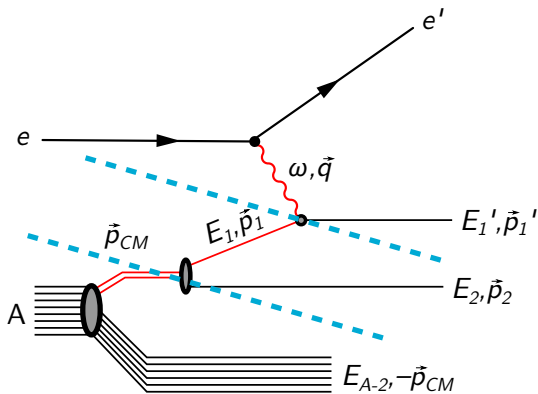
- $\varphi$ : determined from  $NN$  interaction model
- $A$ : abundance of pairs in this nucleus
  - $\int A \longrightarrow C$ , nuclear contact

We assume a fully plane-wave reaction.





We assume a fully plane-wave reaction.



$$p_{CM} \ll p_{rel} \ll q$$

Integrating over  $\vec{p}_2$  produces a spectral function for SRC break-up.

From Weiss et al., PLB 791 (2019) pp 242–248:

$$S_\alpha = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{p}_2}{(2\pi)^3} \delta(f(\vec{p}_2)) \left| \varphi_\alpha \left( \frac{\vec{p}_1 - \vec{p}_2}{2} \right) \right|^2 n_\alpha(\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2)$$

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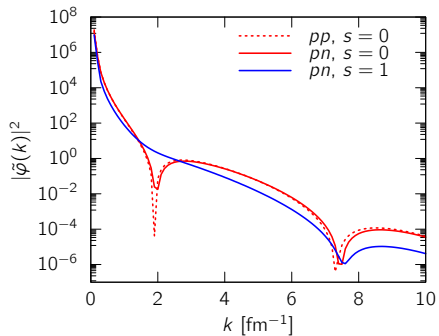
$$S_\alpha = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{p}_2}{(2\pi)^3} \delta(f(\vec{p}_2)) \left| \varphi_\alpha \left( \frac{\vec{p}_1 - \vec{p}_2}{2} \right) \right|^2 n_\alpha(\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2)$$

By sampling instead of integrating, we get a generator:

$$d\sigma \sim \sigma_{eN} \cdot n(\vec{p}_{CM}) \cdot \sum_{\alpha} C_\alpha |\tilde{\varphi}_\alpha(k)|^2$$

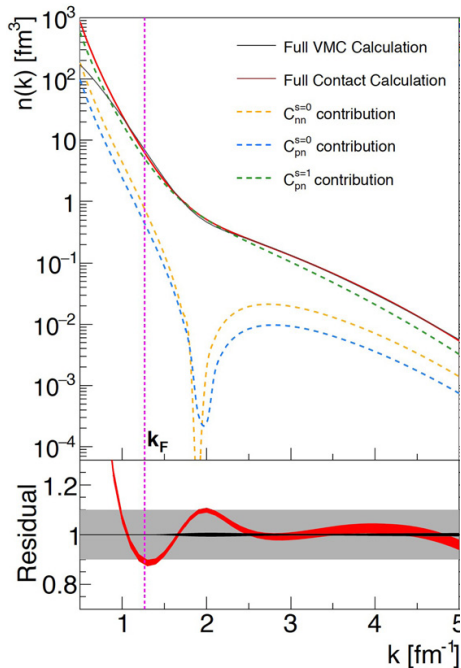
# Model Input

■  $\varphi_\alpha(\vec{p}_{\text{rel.}})$



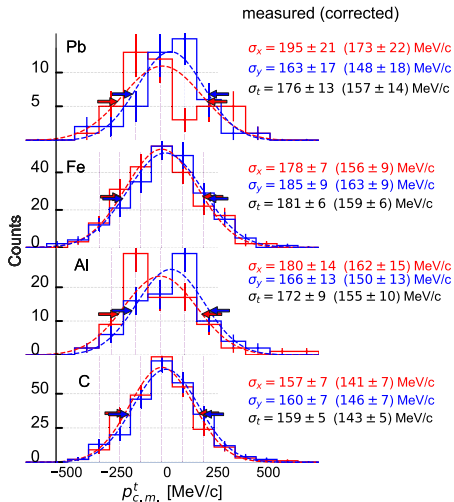
# Model Input

- $\varphi_\alpha(\vec{p}_{\text{rel.}})$
- $C_\alpha$



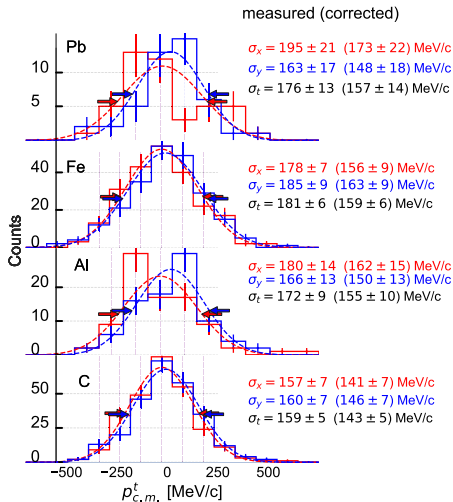
# Model Input

- $\varphi_\alpha(\vec{p}_{\text{rel.}})$
- $C_\alpha$
- $n(\vec{P}_{cm})$ : 3D Gaussian with  $\sigma_{cm}$

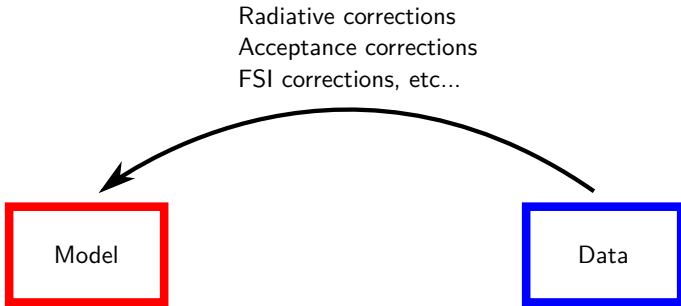


# Model Input

- $\varphi_\alpha(\vec{p}_{\text{rel.}})$
- $C_\alpha$
- $n(\vec{P}_{cm})$ : 3D Gaussian with  $\sigma_{cm}$
- Residual excitation energy:  $E^*$

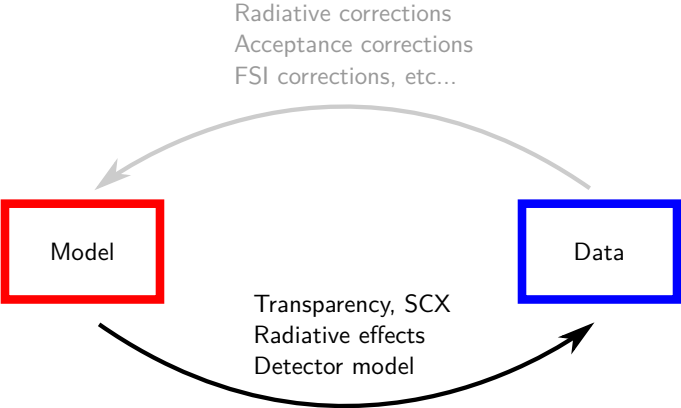


# Connecting the model to data



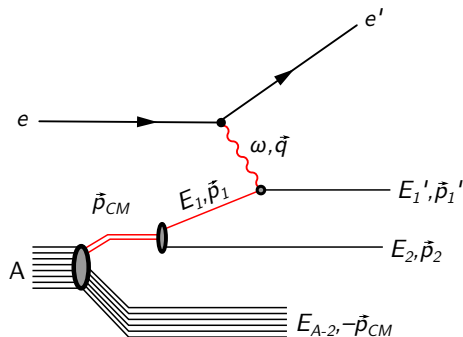


# Connecting the model to data



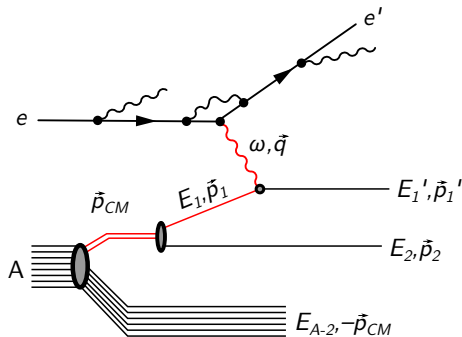
We forward propagate the model to the data.

- 1 Generate events according to model



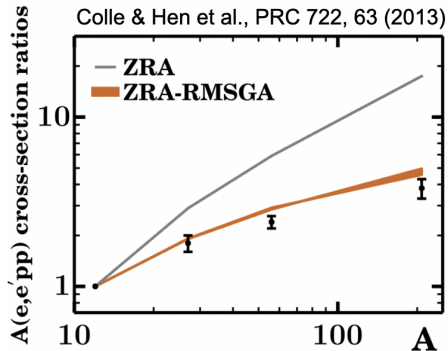
We forward propagate the model to the data.

- 1 Generate events according to model
- 2 Radiative effects



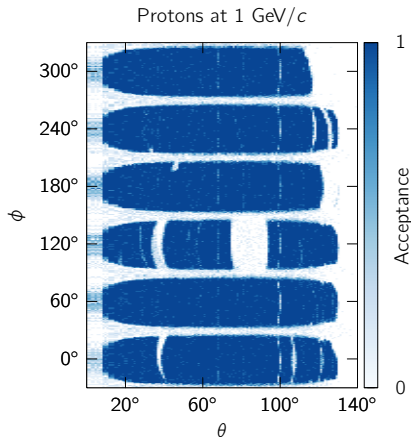
We forward propagate the model to the data.

- 1 Generate events according to model
- 2 Radiative effects
- 3 Transparency/SCX using Glauber



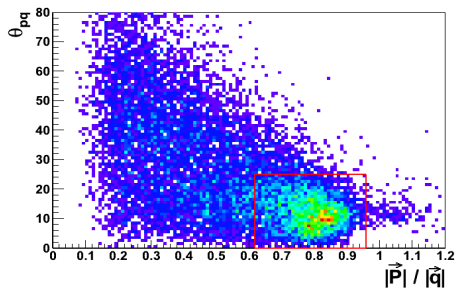
# We forward propagate the model to the data.

- 1 Generate events according to model
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- 4 Detector acceptance



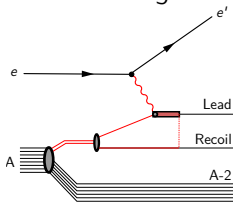
We forward propagate the model to the data.

- 1 Generate events according to model
- 2 Radiative effects
- 3 Transparency/SCX using Glauber
- 4 Detector acceptance
- 5 Same event selection as data

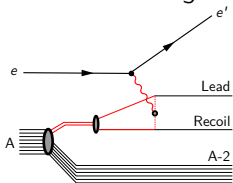


# Choosing kinematics that minimize FSI

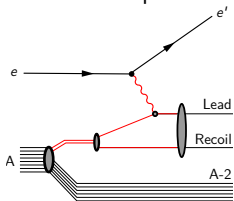
Isobar Config.



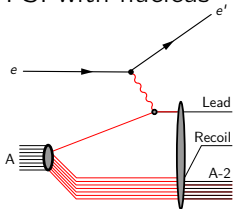
Meson-exchange curr.



FSI within pair

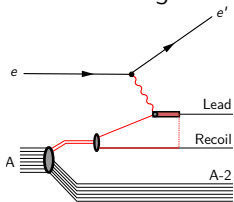


FSI with nucleus

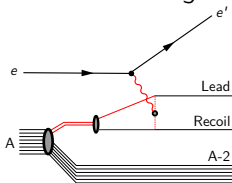


# Choosing kinematics that minimize FSI

Isobar Config.

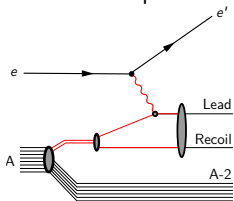


Meson-exchange curr.

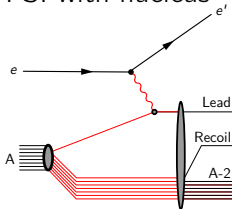


- $x_B > 1.2$
- High  $Q^2$

FSI within pair



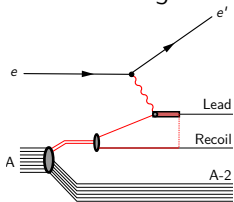
FSI with nucleus



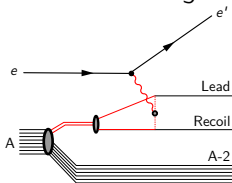


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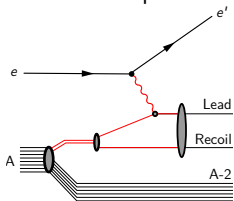


Meson-exchange curr.

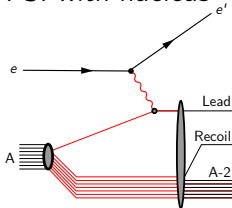


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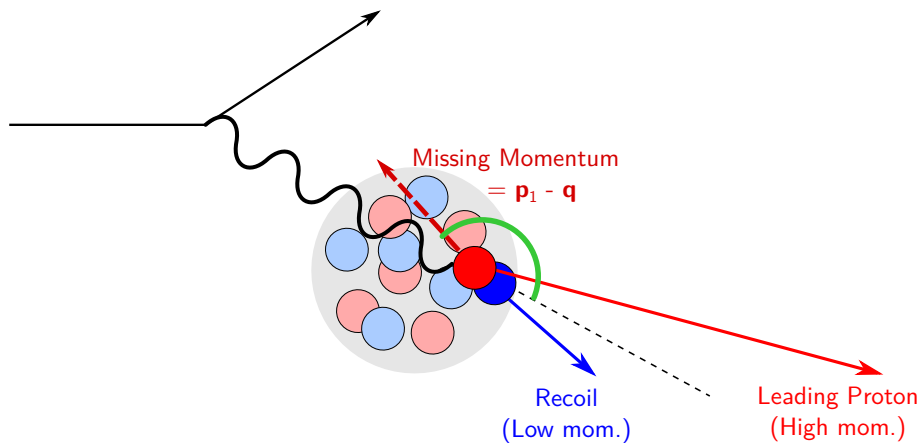


FSI with nucleus

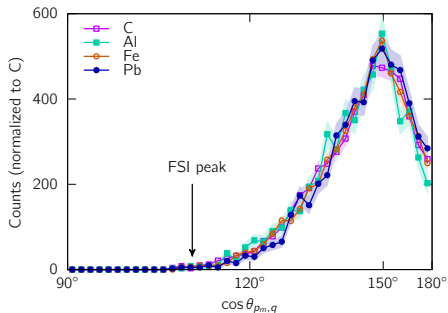
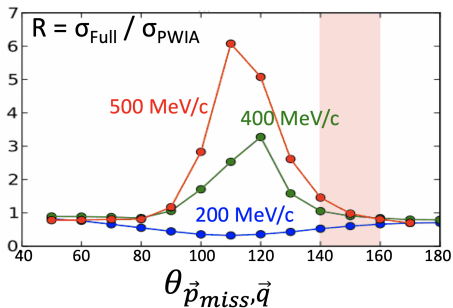
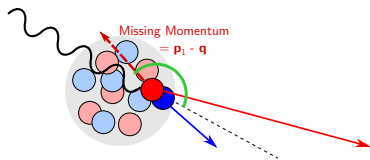


- Anti-parallel kinematics

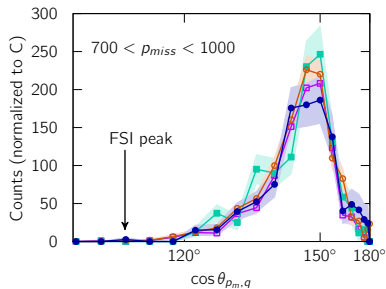
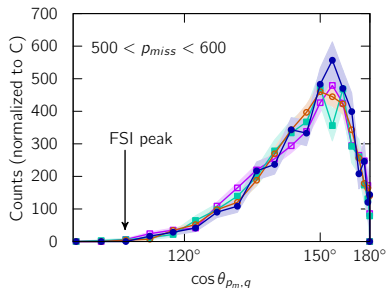
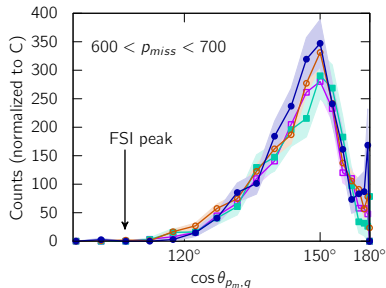
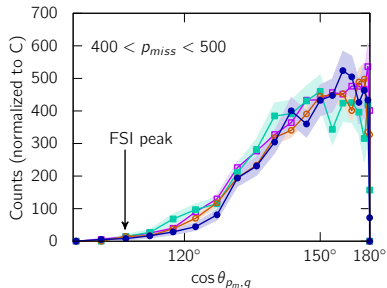
SRC events are selected in kinematics that minimize final-state interactions.



$\vec{p}_{\text{miss}}$  is anti-parallel to  $\vec{q}$   
for C, Al, Fe, Pb.



We remain anti-parallel over our  $p_{miss}$  range.



# Event selection criteria

- $A(e, e'p)$ 
  - $x_B > 1.2$
  - $\theta_{pq} < 25^\circ$
  - $0.62 < |\vec{p}_p|/|\vec{q}| < 0.96$
  - $M_{miss} < 1.1 \text{ GeV}$
  - $0.3 < |\vec{p}_{miss}| < 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
  - Fiducial cuts on  $e'$ ,  $p$

# Event selection criteria

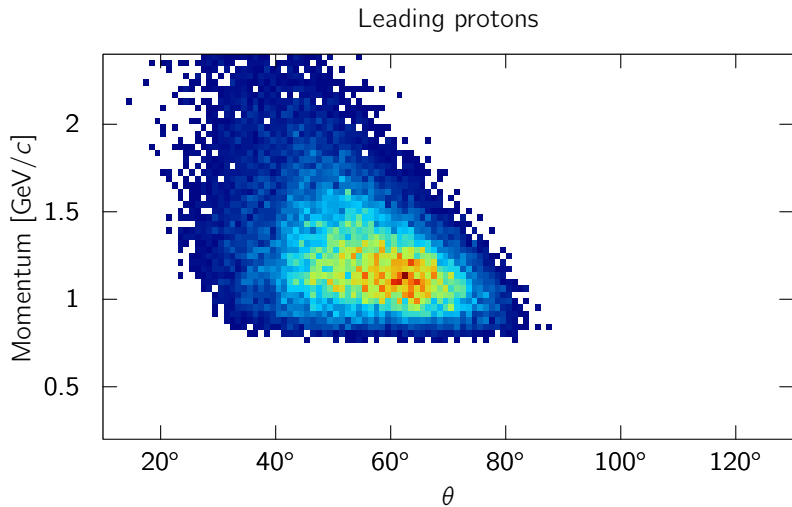
## ■ $A(e, e'p)$

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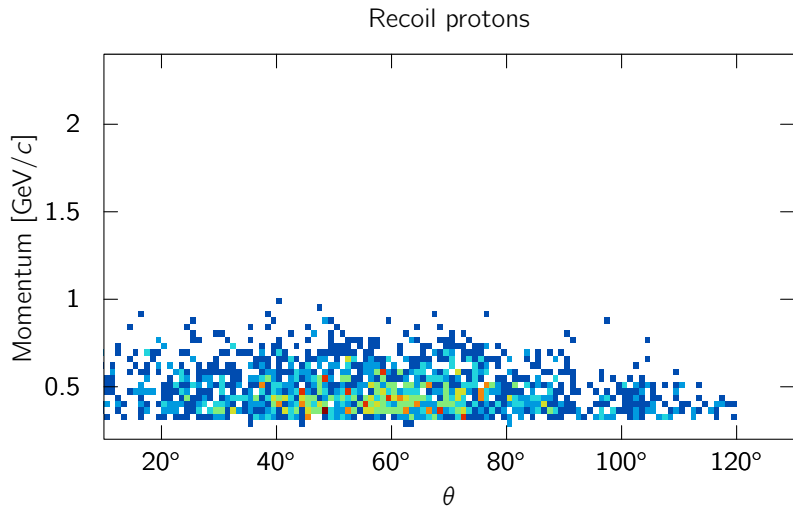
## ■ $A(e, e'pp)$

- Event passes  $A(e, e'p)$  criteria
- Additional recoil proton with  $|\vec{p}| > 0.35 \text{ GeV}/c$ 
  - ... passing fiducial cuts

Leading and recoil protons are distinct.



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# Data-Model comparisons

- Carbon data only
  - Contacts determined from fits to VMC

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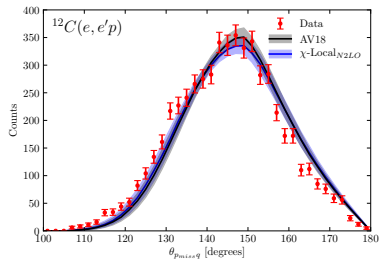
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    - Non-local  $\chi$ PT

# Data-Model comparisons

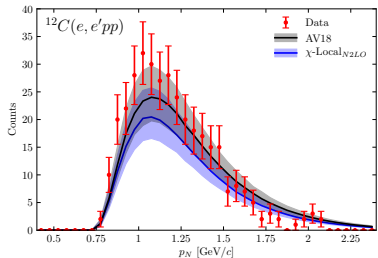
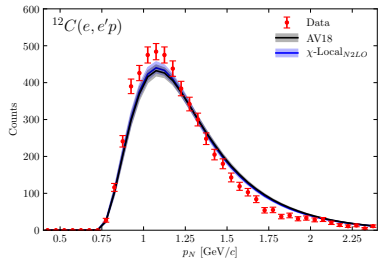
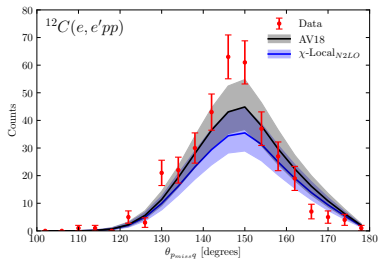
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    - Non-local  $\chi$ PT
- Model uncertainty from:
  - Contacts
  - SCX prob.
  - $A - 2$  excitation  $E^*$
  - $e^-$  res.
  - $\sigma_{CM}$
  - Transparency
  - $p_{rel.}$  cut-off
  - $p$  res.

# The model accurately predicts kinematics.

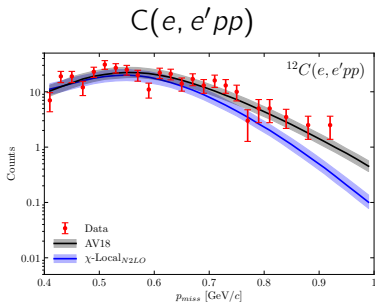
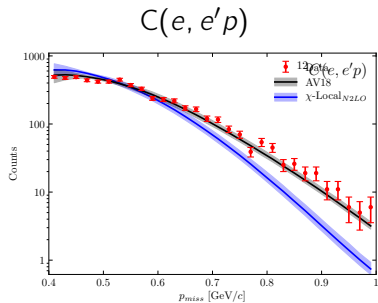
$C(e, e'p)$



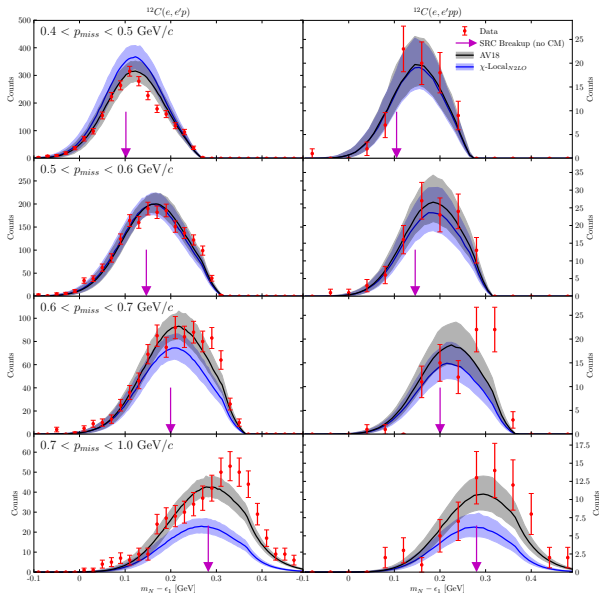
$C(e, e'pp)$



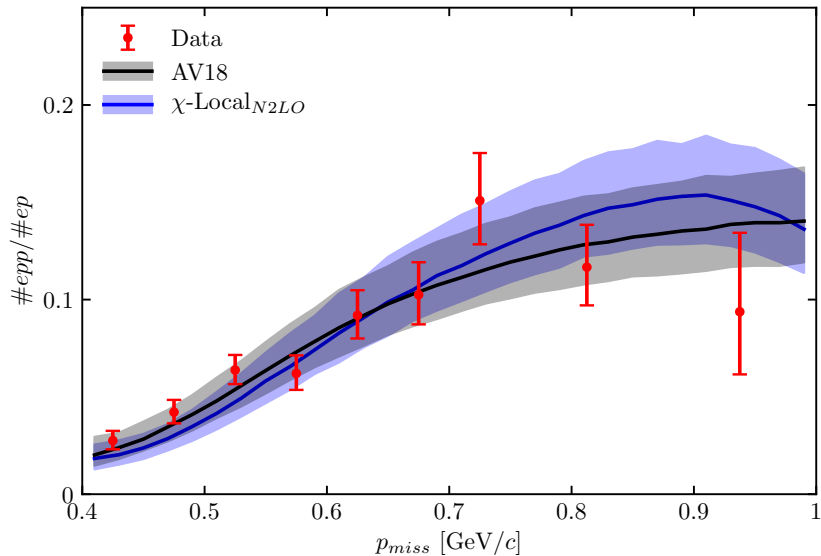
# Missing-momentum distributions



# Missing-momentum and missing-energy



$(e, e'pp)/(e, e'p)$  ratio



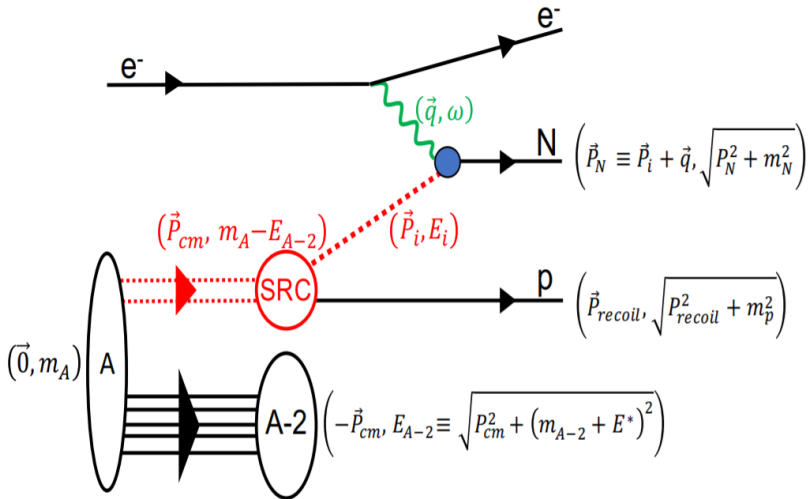


# My controversial claim:

Our new analysis shows that SRC data can constrain the  $NN$  interaction *up to relative momenta of 1 GeV/c*.

BACK-UP

# Reaction



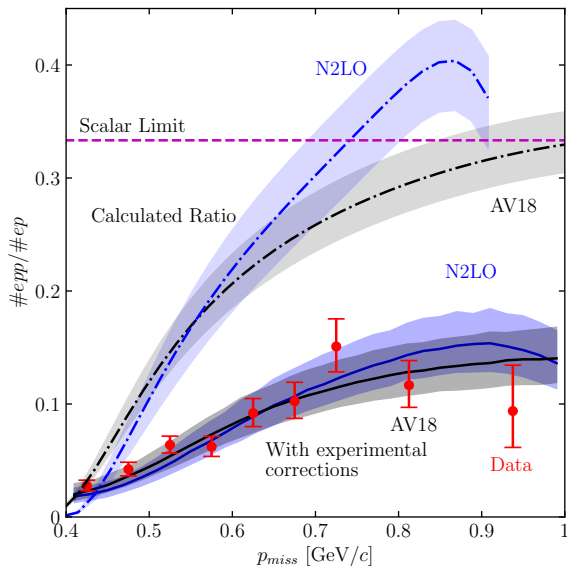
# Model cross section

$$\frac{d^8\sigma}{dQ^2 dx_B d\phi_e d^3\vec{p}_{CM} d\Omega_2} = \frac{\sigma_{eN}}{32\pi^4} n(\vec{p}_{CM}) \mathcal{J} \sum_{\alpha} C_{\alpha} |\tilde{\varphi}^{\alpha}(|\vec{p}_{rel}|)|^2$$

$$\mathcal{J} = \frac{E'_1 E_2 p_2^2}{|E_2(p_2 - Z \cos \theta_{Z,2}) + E'_1 p_2|} \frac{\omega}{2E_{beam} E_e x_B}$$

$$\vec{Z} \equiv \vec{q} + \vec{p}_{CM}$$

$(e, e'pp)/(e, e'p)$  ratio



# Missing-momentum distributions

