

Factorization, universality and the nuclear contacts

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The contact

- ▶ Zero-range condition: $r_0 \ll a, d$
- ▶ Many quantities are connected to the *contact C*:

$$n(k) = C/k^4 \text{ for } k \rightarrow \infty$$

$$T + U = \frac{\hbar^2}{4\pi m a} C + \sum_{\sigma} \frac{d^3 k}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m} \left(n_{\sigma}(k) - \frac{C}{k^4} \right)$$

And many more...

The contact

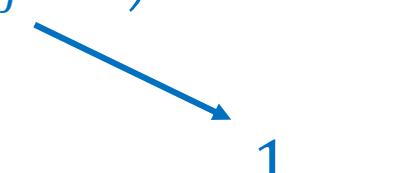
- ▶ The basic **factorization** assumption:

$$\psi \xrightarrow{r_{ij} \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{r_{ij}} - \frac{1}{a} \right) \times A(R_{ij}, \{r_k\}_{k \neq i,j})$$
$$n(k) = \frac{1}{k^4} \times C$$

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graph TD; A["ψ → 0"] --> B["1/r_ij - 1/a"]; B --> C["n(k) = 1/k⁴ × C"]; D["1/a"] --> C;
```

The contact

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NOT FOR NUCLEAR PHYSICS

$$r_0 \ll d, a$$



The Nuclear contacts

$$\psi \xrightarrow{r_{ij} \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{r_{ij}} - \frac{1}{a} \right) \times A(\mathbf{R}_{ij}, \{\mathbf{r}_k\}_{k \neq i,j})$$



$$\psi \xrightarrow{r_{ij} \rightarrow 0} \varphi_{ij}(r_{ij}) \times A(\mathbf{R}_{ij}, \{\mathbf{r}_k\}_{k \neq i,j})$$

The Nuclear contacts

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$$\psi \xrightarrow{r_{ij} \rightarrow 0} \sum_{\alpha} \varphi_{ij}^{\alpha}(\mathbf{r}_{ij}) \times A_{ij}^{\alpha}(\mathbf{R}_{ij}, \{\mathbf{r}_k\}_{k \neq i,j})$$

Channels α
 $= (\ell_2 S_2) j_2 m_2$

“universal”
function

The pair kind
 $ij \in \{pp, nn, pn\}$

The Nuclear contact – Momentum

One-body momentum distribution – $n_N(k)$ – The probability to find a proton/neutron with momentum k

Two-body momentum distribution – $F_{NN}(k)$ – The probability to find an NN pairs with relative momentum k

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$$n_{\textcolor{red}{p}}(\mathbf{k}) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{k} \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{\alpha, \beta} \left[\tilde{\varphi}_{pp}^{\alpha\dagger}(\mathbf{k}) \tilde{\varphi}_{pp}^{\beta}(\mathbf{k}) \frac{2C_{pp}^{\alpha\beta}}{16\pi^2} + \tilde{\varphi}_{pn}^{\alpha\dagger}(\mathbf{k}) \tilde{\varphi}_{pn}^{\beta}(\mathbf{k}) \frac{C_{pn}^{\alpha\beta}}{16\pi^2} \right]$$

The Nuclear contact – Momentum

One-body momentum distribution – $n_N(\mathbf{k})$ – The probability to find a proton/neutron with momentum \mathbf{k}

Two-body momentum distribution – $F_{NN}(\mathbf{k})$ – The probability to find an NN pairs with relative momentum \mathbf{k}

$$\psi \xrightarrow{r_{ij} \rightarrow 0} \sum_{\alpha} \varphi_{ij}^{\alpha}(\mathbf{r}_{ij}) \times A_{ij}^{\alpha}(\mathbf{R}_{ij}, \{\mathbf{r}_k\}_{k \neq i,j})$$

$$n_{\mathbf{p}}(\mathbf{k}) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{k} \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{\alpha,\beta} \left[\tilde{\varphi}_{pp}^{\alpha\dagger}(\mathbf{k}) \tilde{\varphi}_{pp}^{\beta}(\mathbf{k}) \frac{2C_{pp}^{\alpha\beta}}{16\pi^2} + \tilde{\varphi}_{pn}^{\alpha\dagger}(\mathbf{k}) \tilde{\varphi}_{pn}^{\beta}(\mathbf{k}) \frac{C_{pn}^{\alpha\beta}}{16\pi^2} \right]$$

$$F_{ij}(\mathbf{k}) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{k} \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{\alpha,\beta} \tilde{\varphi}_{ij}^{\alpha\dagger}(\mathbf{k}) \tilde{\varphi}_{ij}^{\beta}(\mathbf{k}) \frac{C_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}}{16\pi^2}$$

The Nuclear contact – Momentum

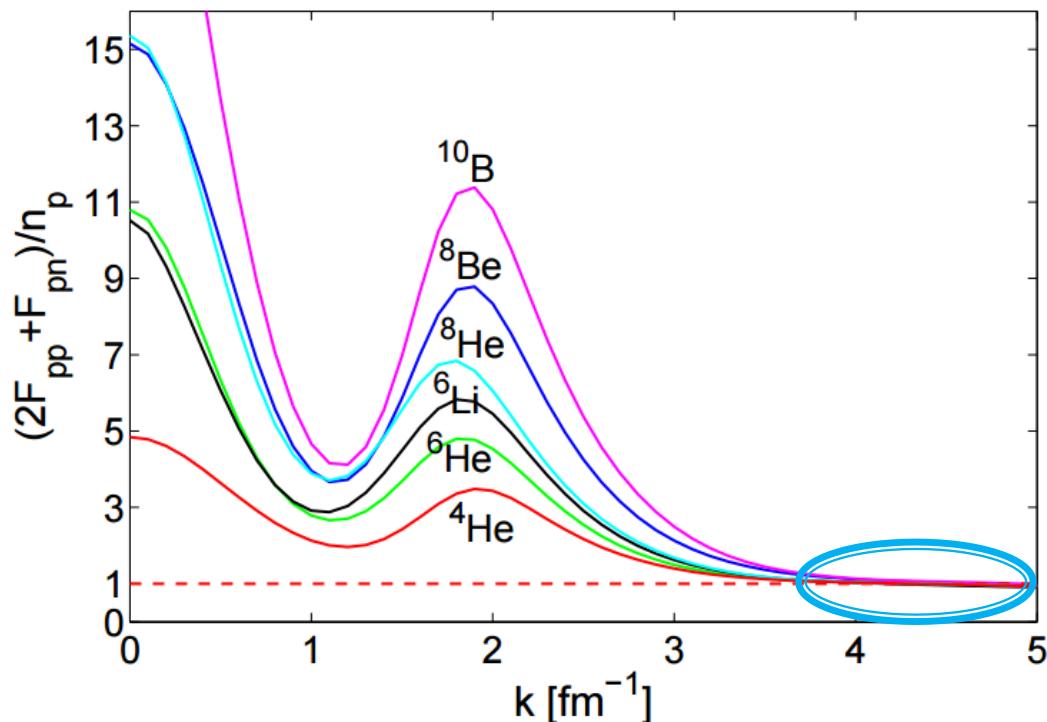
- As a result we get the asymptotic relation:

$$n_p(\mathbf{k}) \rightarrow F_{pn}(\mathbf{k}) + 2F_{pp}(\mathbf{k})$$

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Using the
variational
Monte
Carlo data
(VMC)

Extracting the contacts

- ▶ Assuming only two significant channels:

The **deuteron** channel – L=0,2; S=1; J=1; T=0

The **pure s-wave** channel – L=0; S=0; J=0; T=1

- ▶ We get:

$$F_{pn}(k) \xrightarrow{k \rightarrow \infty} C_{pn}^d |\varphi_{pn}^d(k)|^2 + C_{pn}^0 |\varphi_{pn}^0(k)|^2$$

$$F_{nn}(k) \xrightarrow{k \rightarrow \infty} C_{nn}^0 |\varphi_{nn}^0(k)|^2$$

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The VMC
data

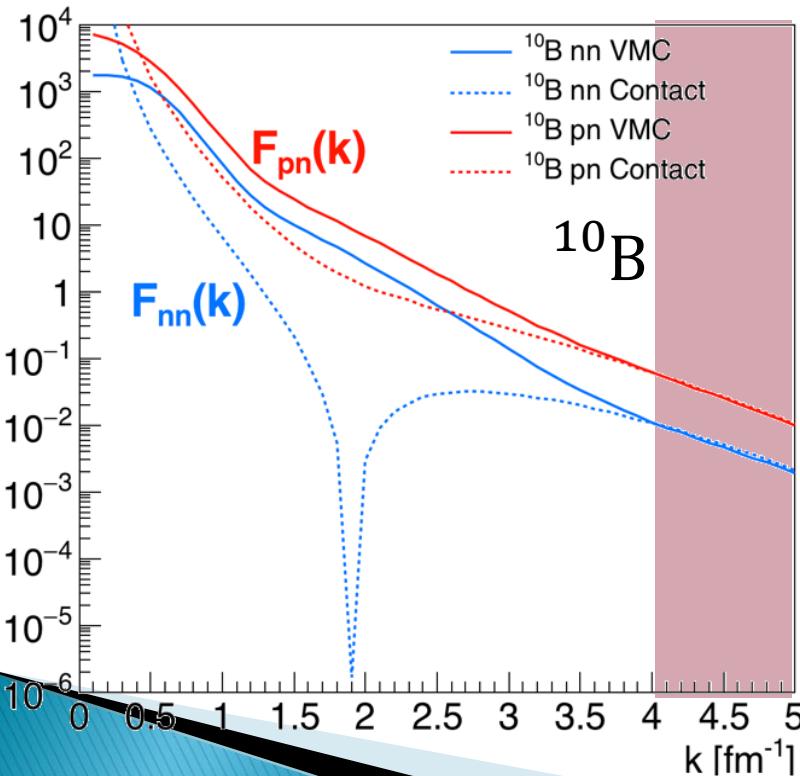
Zero-energy
solution of the
two-body
system (AV18)

Extracting the contacts

$$F_{pn}(k) \xrightarrow[k \rightarrow \infty]{} C_{pn}^d |\varphi_{pn}^d(k)|^2 + C_{pn}^0 |\varphi_{pn}^0(k)|^2$$

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Momentum space

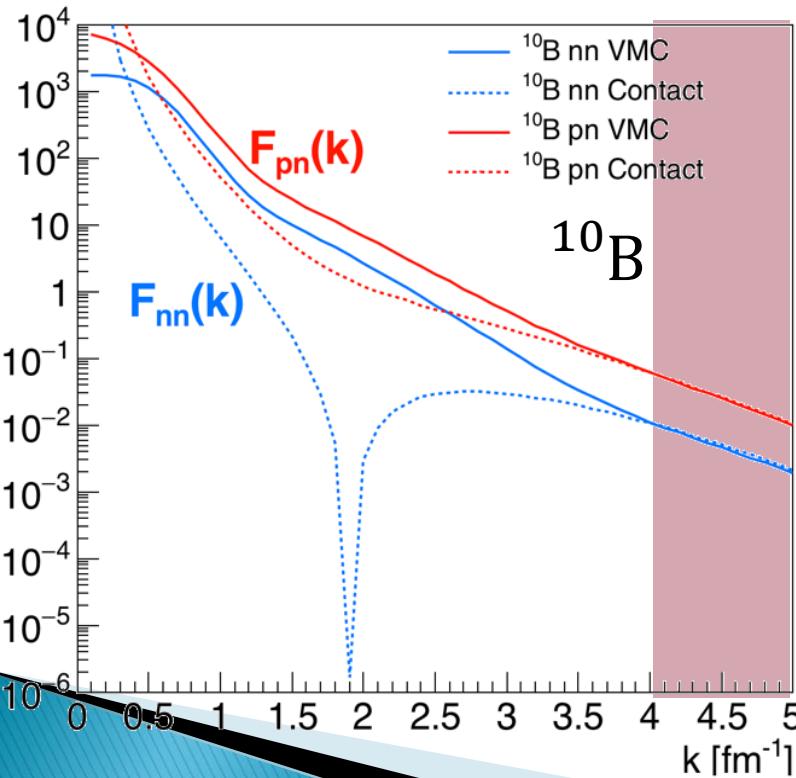


Extracting the contacts

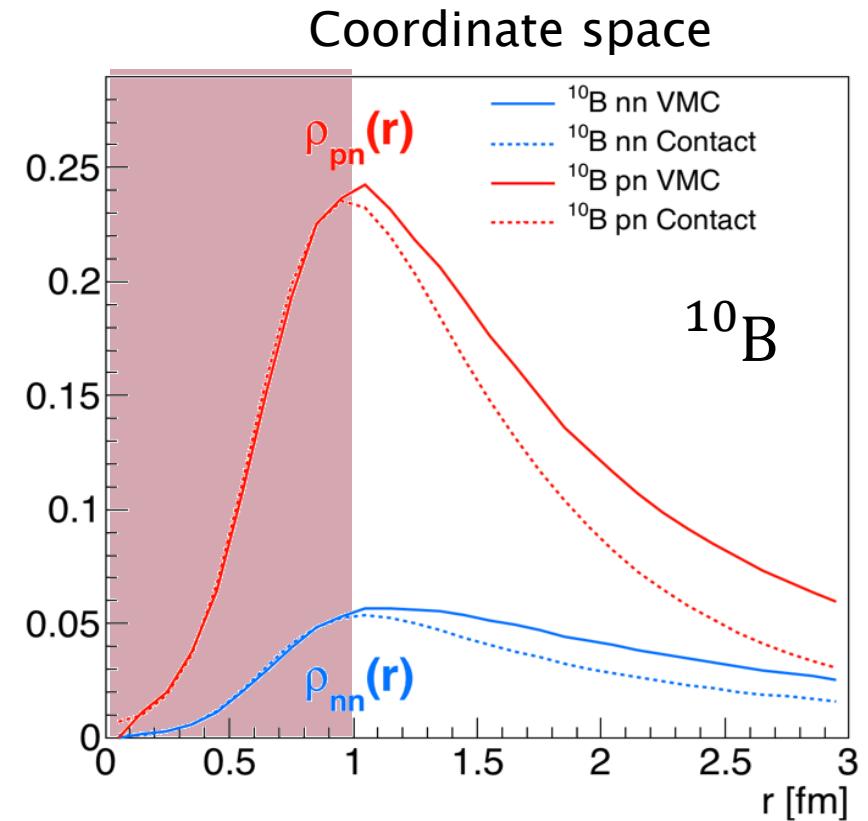
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Momentum space



Coordinate space



Extracting the contacts

$$n_p(k) \xrightarrow[k \rightarrow \infty]{} C_{pn}^d |\varphi_{pn}^d(k)|^2 + C_{pn}^0 |\varphi_{pn}^0(k)|^2 + 2C_{pp}^0 |\varphi_{pp}^0(k)|^2$$

Universal functions –
Calculated for the
two-body system

Extracting the contacts

$$n_p(k) \xrightarrow[k \rightarrow \infty]{} C_{pn}^d |\varphi_{pn}^d(k)|^2 + C_{pn}^0 |\varphi_{pn}^0(k)|^2 + 2C_{pp}^0 |\varphi_{pp}^0(k)|^2$$

Fitted to
 $F_{ij}(k)$ for
 $k > 4 \text{ fm}^{-1}$

Extracting the contacts

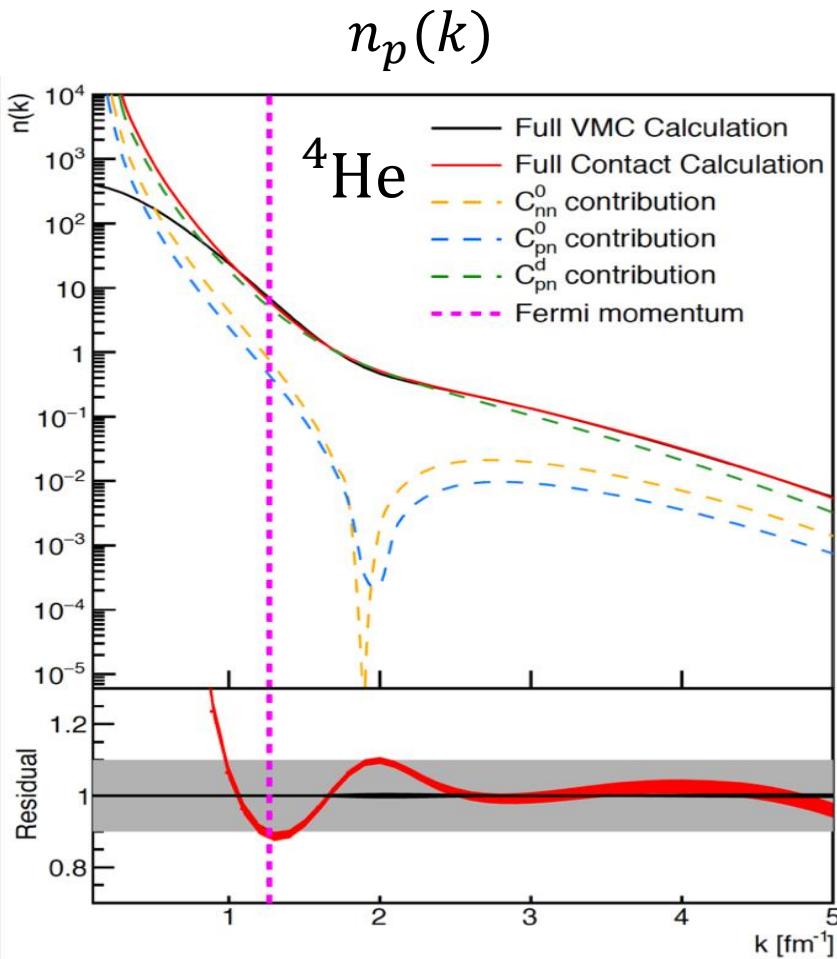
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The VMC
data



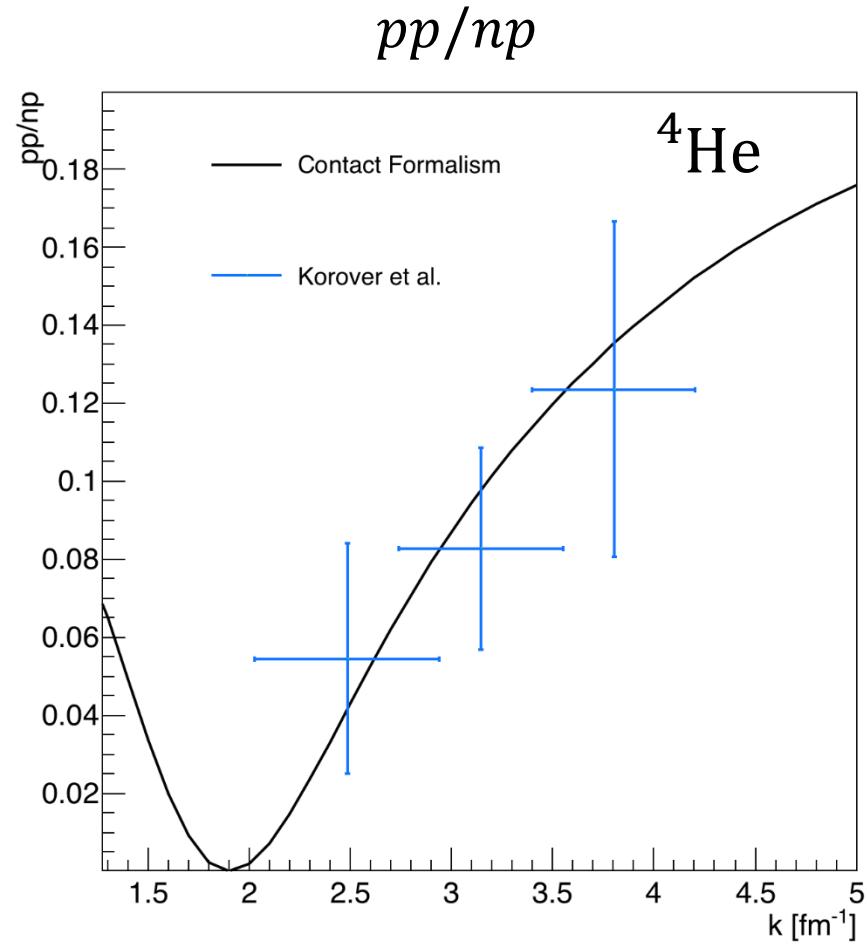
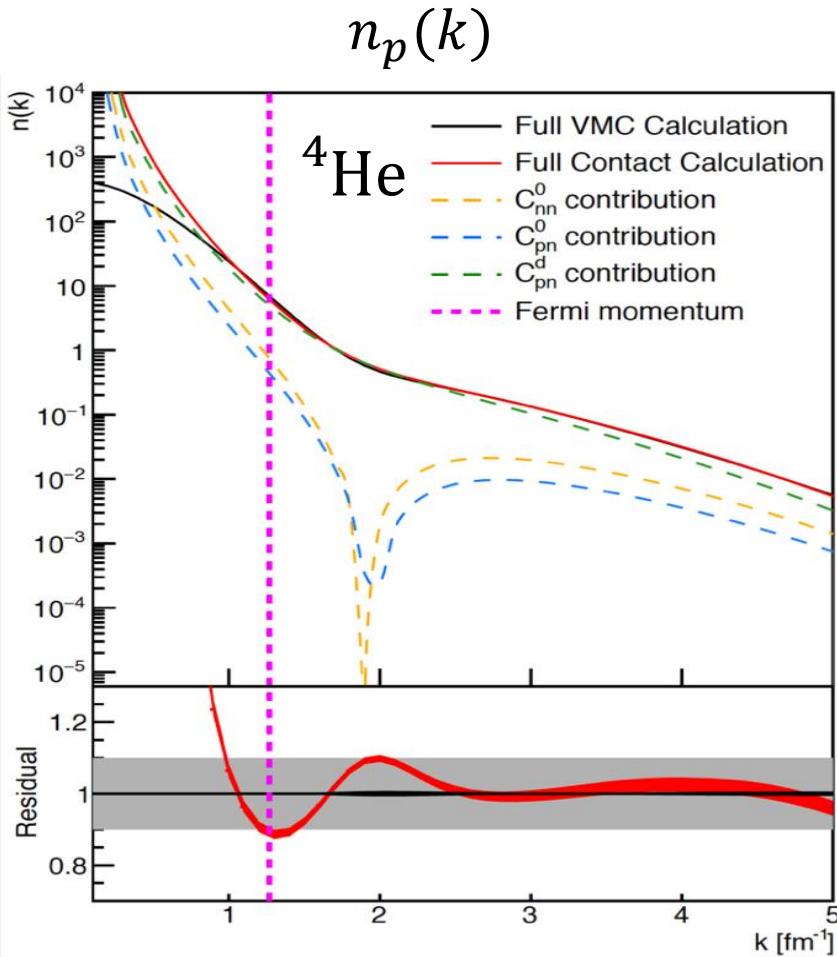
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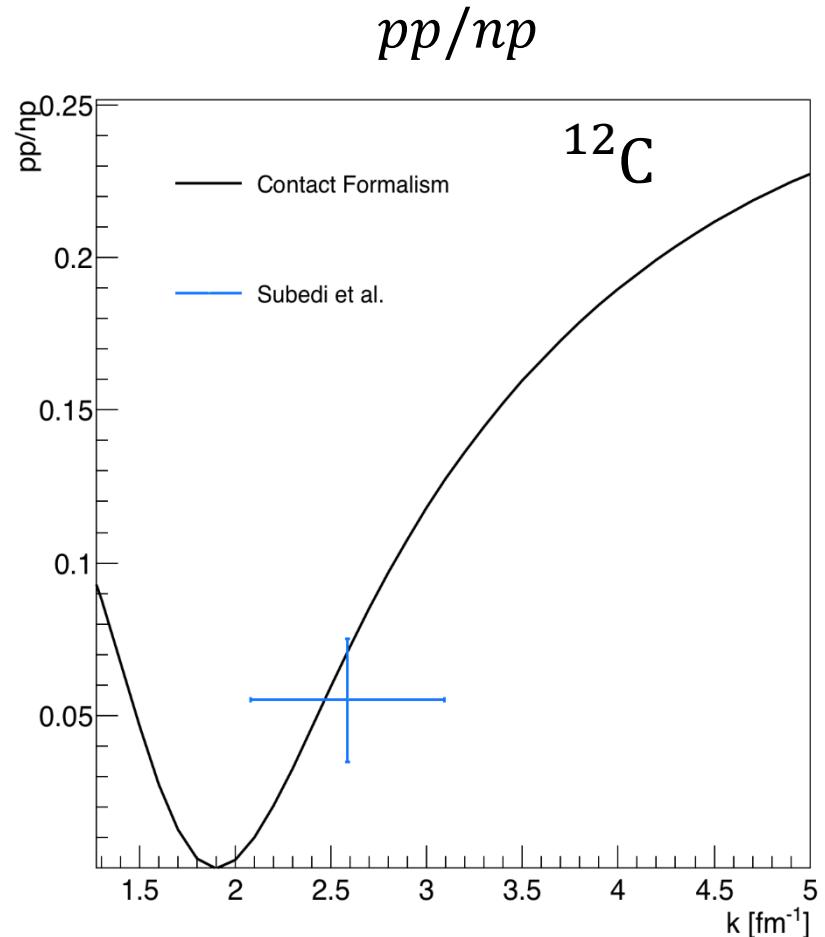
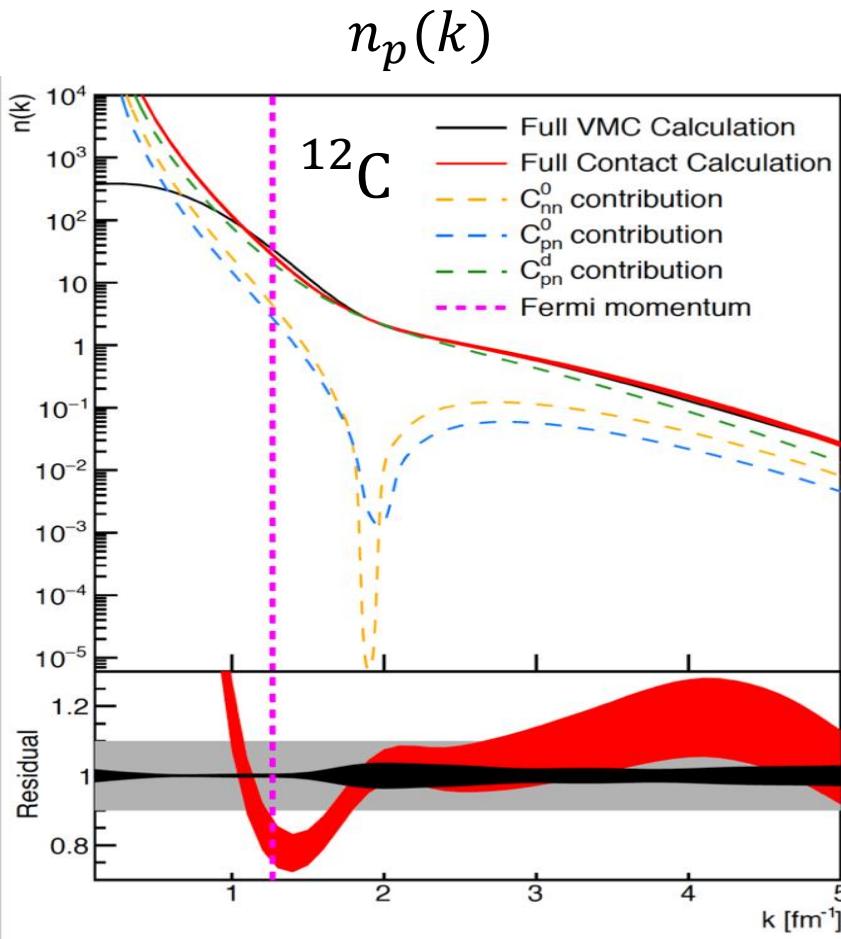
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Extracting the contacts

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Counting the SRCs (symmetric nuclei)

$$n_p(k) \xrightarrow[k \rightarrow \infty]{} C_{pn}^d |\varphi_{pn}^d(k)|^2 + C_{pn}^0 |\varphi_{pn}^0(k)|^2 + 2C_{pp}^0 |\varphi_{pp}^0(k)|^2$$

Normalization: $\int_{k_F}^{\infty} |\varphi_{ij}^{\alpha}|^2 d^3 k = 1$



$$\%SRC \equiv \frac{1}{Z} \int_{K_F}^{\infty} n_p(\mathbf{k}) d^3 k = \frac{1}{Z} [C_{pn}^d + C_{pn}^0 + 2C_{nn}^0]$$

Counting the SRCs

${}^4\text{He}$

→ Total number of pairs:

pp - 1 np-4

Counting the SRCs



Total number of pairs:
pp - 1 np - 4

	$C_{pp}^0/Z (\%)$	$C_{pn}^0/Z (\%)$	$C_{pn}^d/Z (\%)$
k-space	0.65 ± 0.03	0.69 ± 0.03	12.3 ± 0.1

k-space

Non-combinatorial
isospin symmetry
(T=1)

0.65 ± 0.03

0.69 ± 0.03

12.3 ± 0.1

Neutron-proton
dominance

(T=1)

Counting the SRCs

${}^4\text{He}$

Total number of pairs:
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k-space	0.65 ± 0.03	0.69 ± 0.03	12.3 ± 0.1	14.3%

Counting the SRCs



Total number of pairs:
pp - 1 np-4

	$C_{pp}^0/Z (\%)$	$C_{pn}^0/Z (\%)$	$C_{pn}^d/Z (\%)$	%SRCs
k-space	0.65 ± 0.03	0.69 ± 0.03	12.3 ± 0.1	14.3%
r-space		0.567 ± 0.004	11.61 ± 0.03	13.3%

Similar results are obtained for all the available nuclei in the VMC data

The nuclear contact relations

► Momentum distributions

R. Weiss, B. Bazak, N. Barnea, PRC 92, 054311 (2015)

M. Alvioli, CC. Degli Atti, H. Morita, PRC 94, 044309 (2016)

► The Levinger constant

R. Weiss, B. Bazak, N. Barnea, PRL 114, 012501 (2015)

R. Weiss, B. Bazak, N. Barnea, EPJA 52, 92 (2016)

► Electron scattering

O. Hen et al., PRC 92, 045205 (2015)

► Symmetry energy

BJ. Cai, BA. Li, PRC 93, 014619 (2016)

► The Coulomb sum rule (and a review)

R. Weiss, E. Pazy, N. Barnea, Few-Body Systems (2016)

► The EMC effect

JW. Chen, W. Detmold, J. E. Lynn, A. Schwenk, arxiv 1607.03065 [hep-ph] (2016)

and more...

Summary

Two-body
momentum
distribution for
 $k > 4 \text{ fm}^{-1}$

Two-body
coordinate
density for
 $r < 1 \text{ fm}$

Extracting
the contacts

Full details
on SRCs for
 $k > k_F$

Summary

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Full details
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 $k > k_F$

np dominance & pp/np

Isospin symmetry

%SRCs

Main (L, S, J, T)
channels

1B momentum
distribution

Questions?