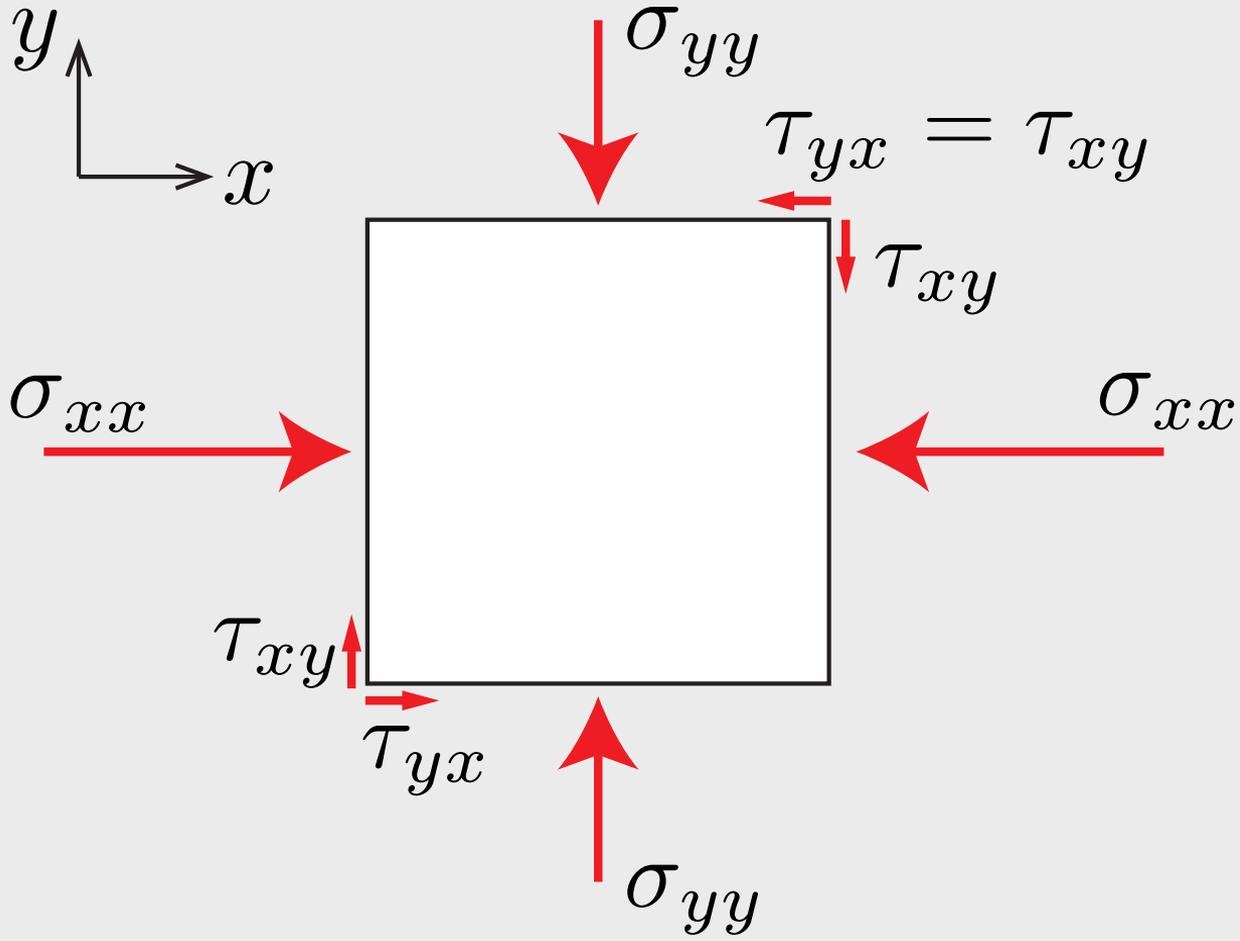


Source mechanisms

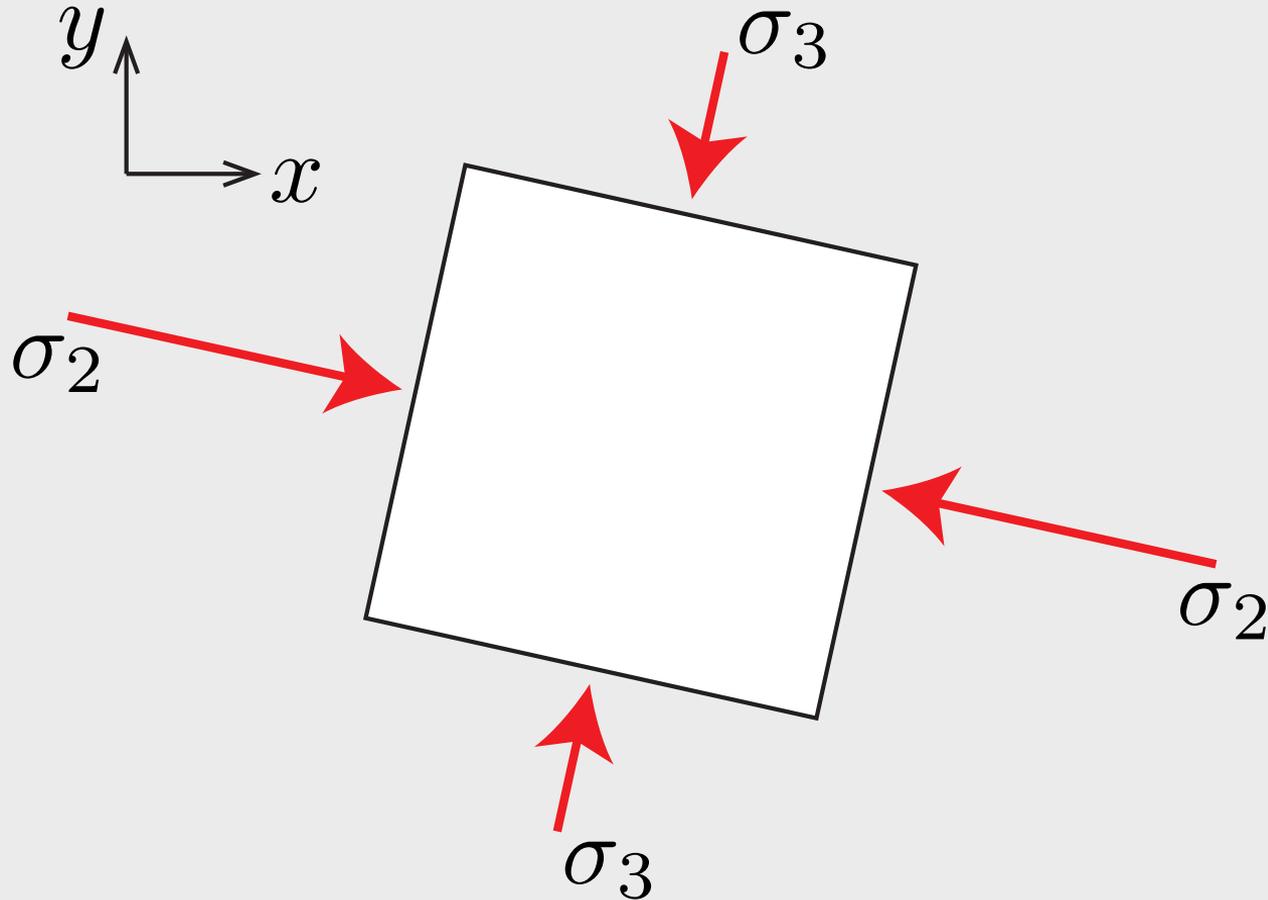
Nori Nakata

Stanford University

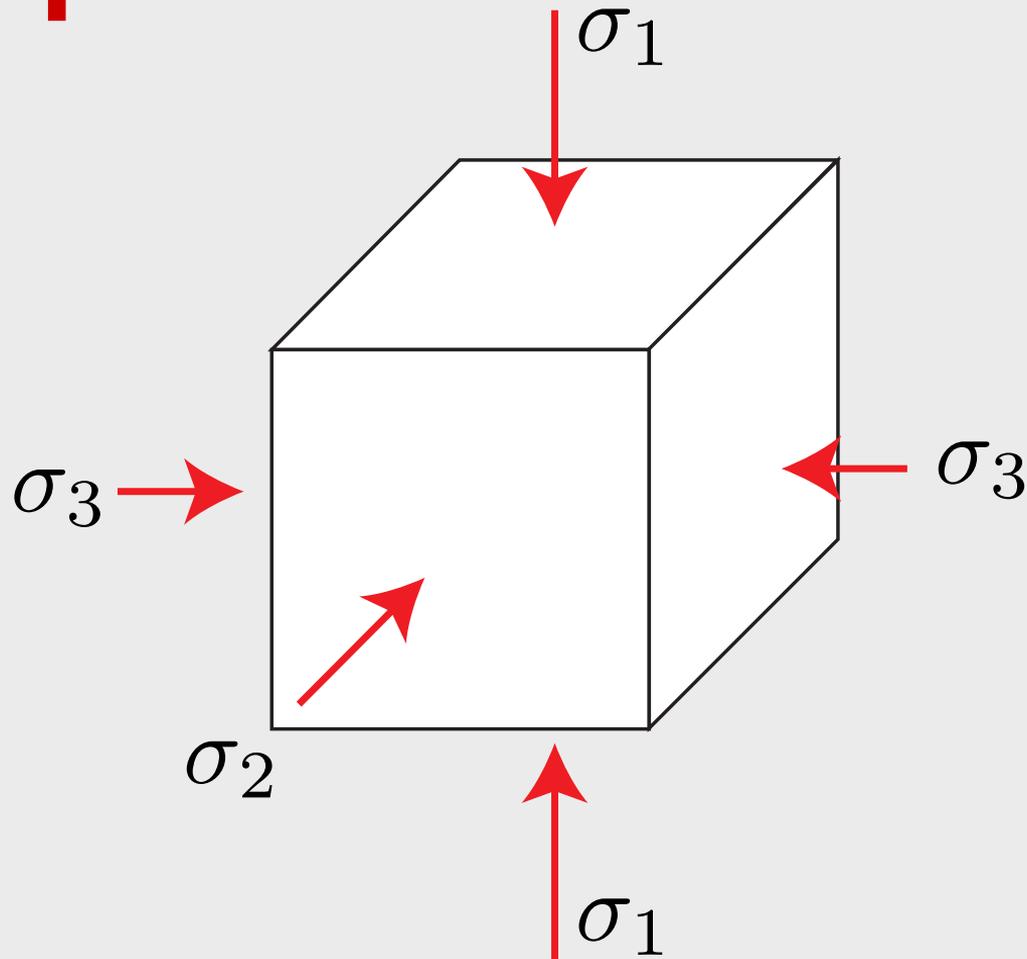
Stress orientation



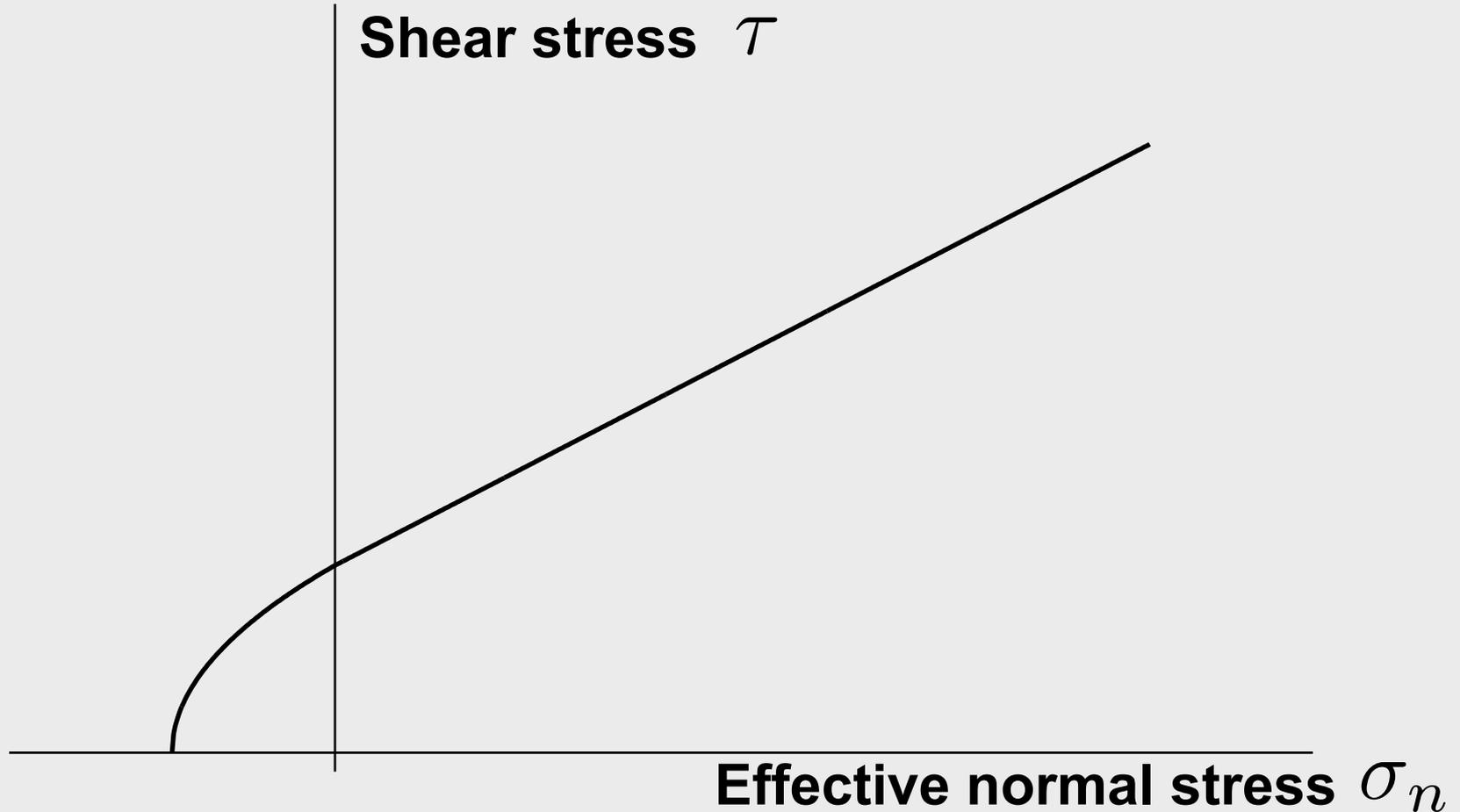
Principle stress orientation



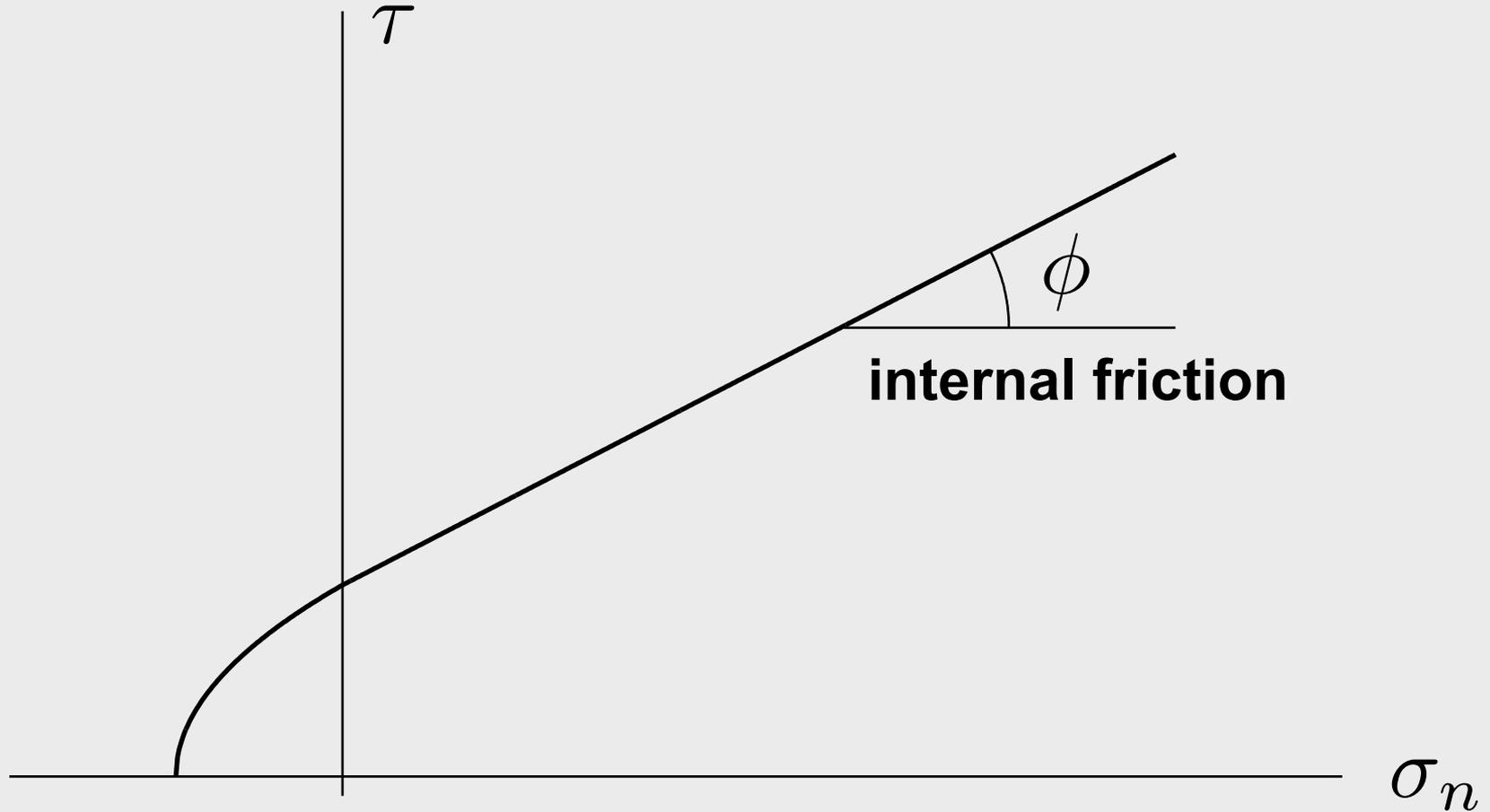
Principle stress orientation



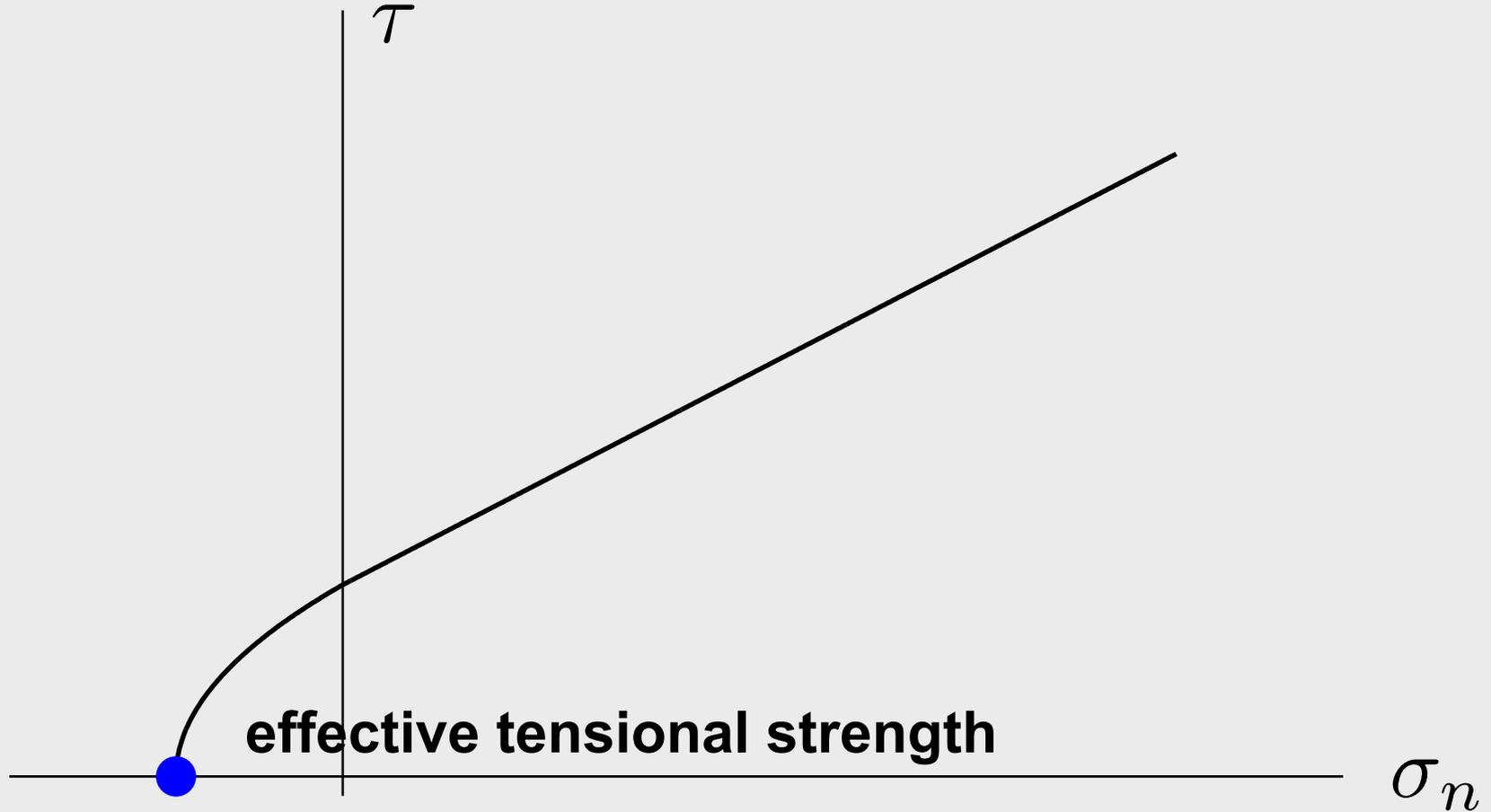
Coulomb/Griffith failure criteria



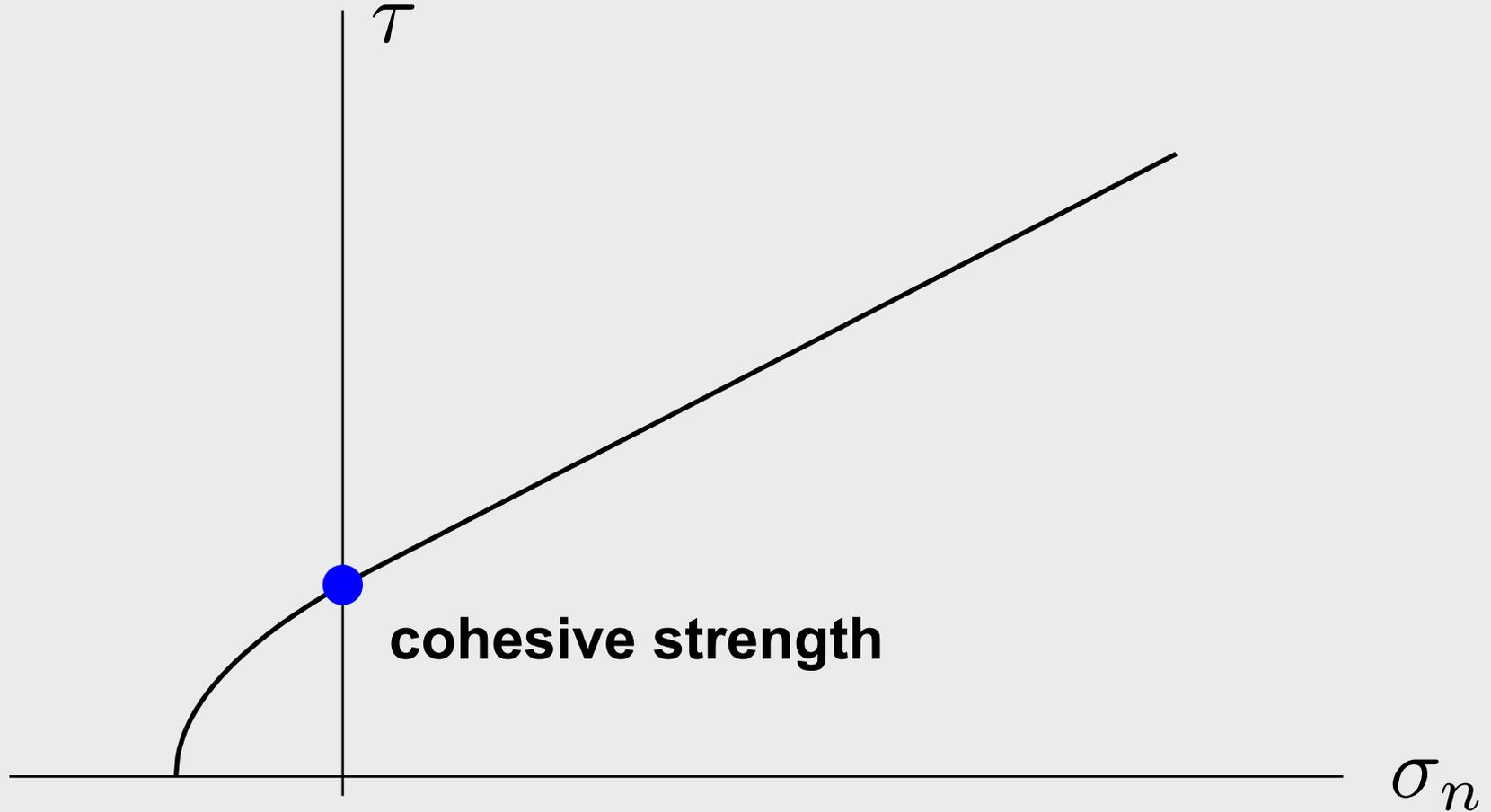
Coulomb/Griffith failure criteria



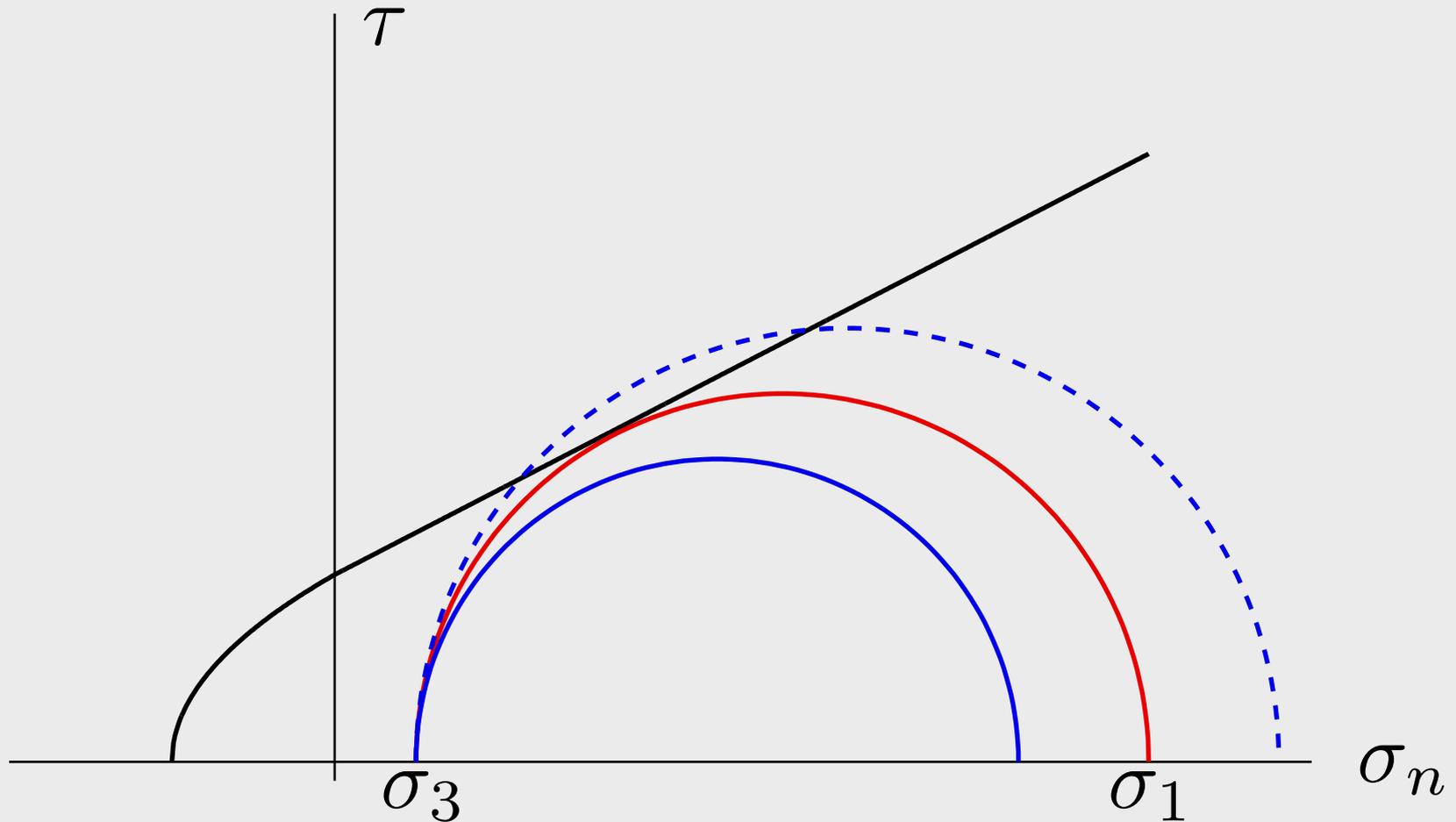
Coulomb/Griffith failure criteria



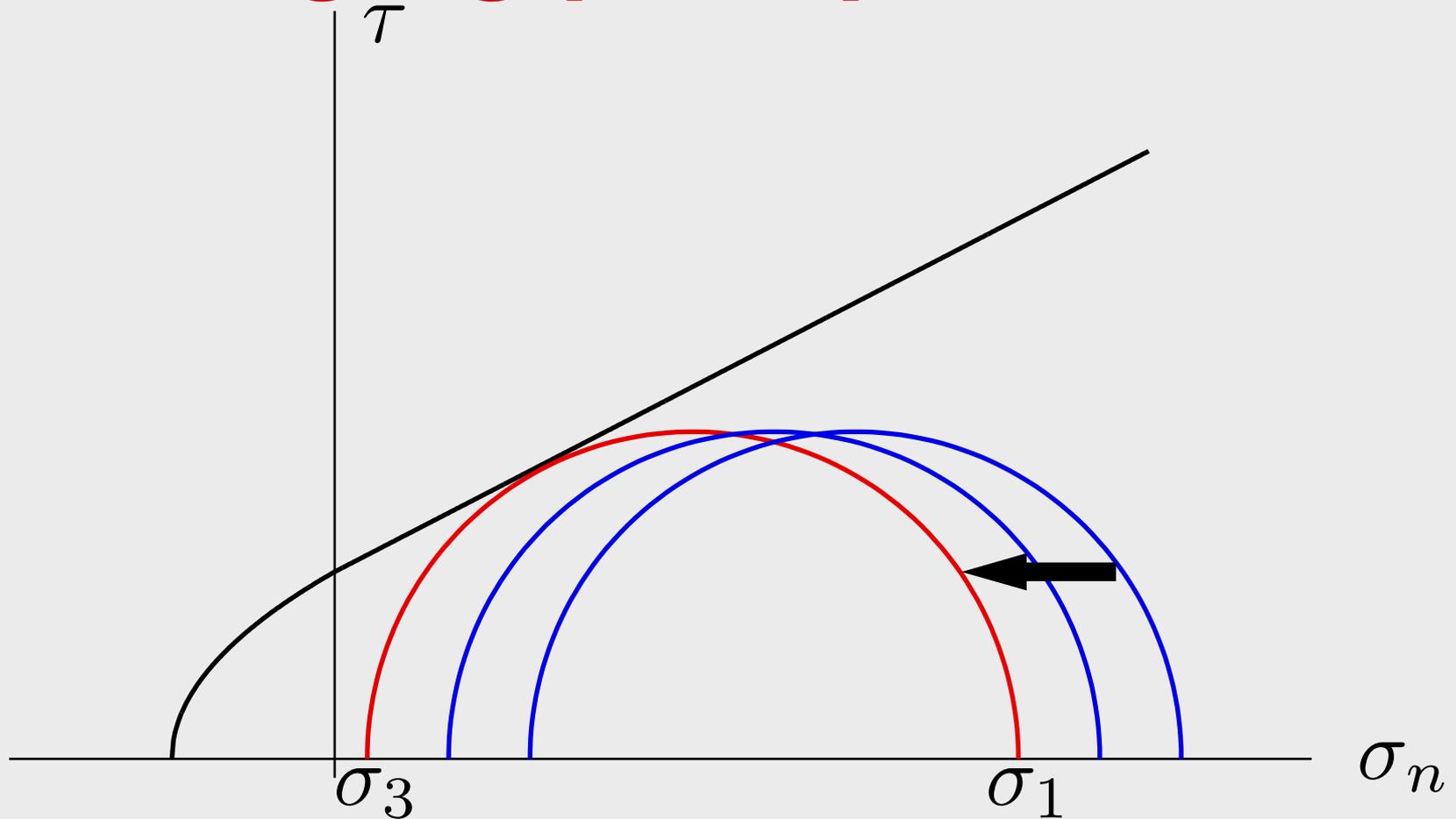
Coulomb/Griffith failure criteria



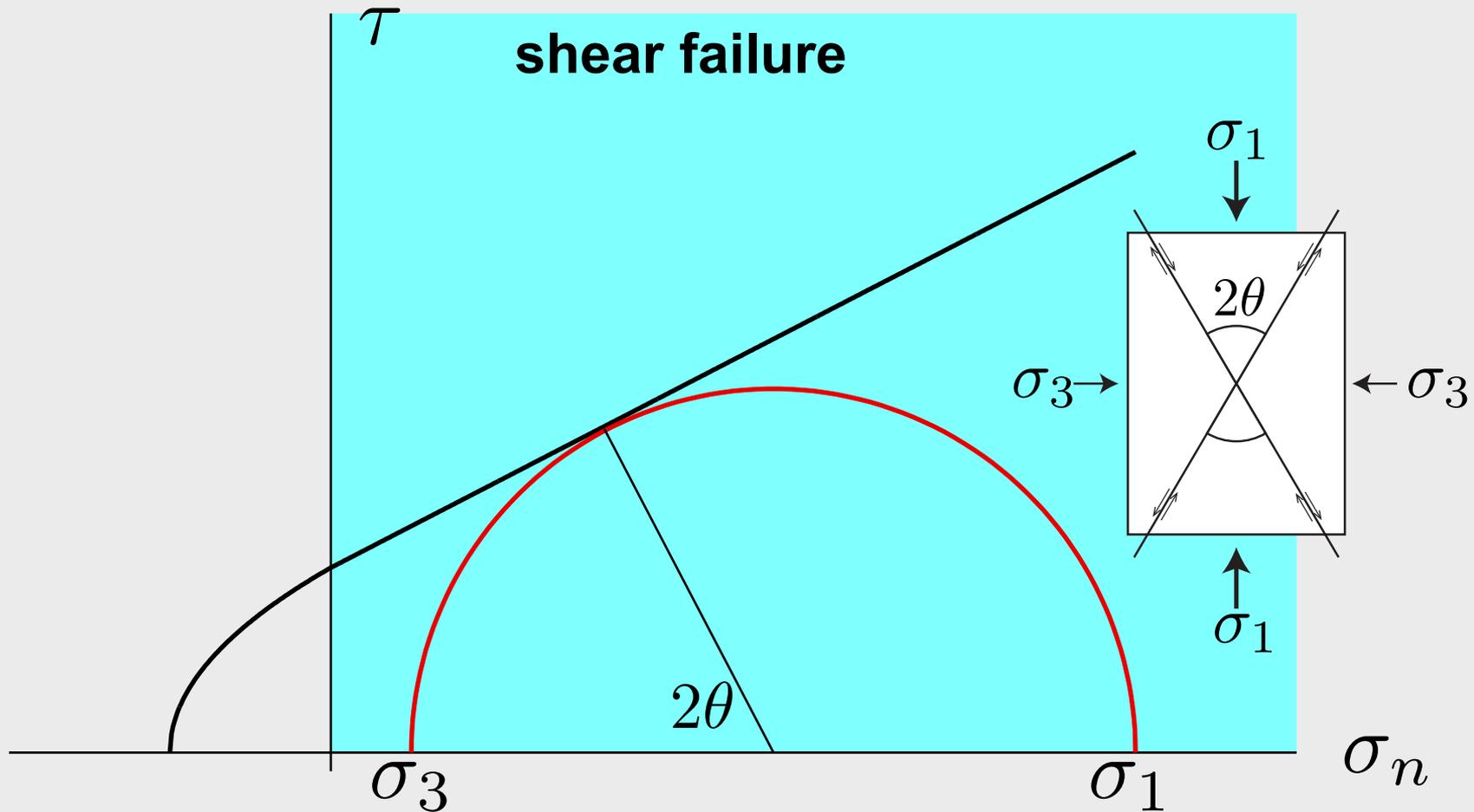
Mohr circle



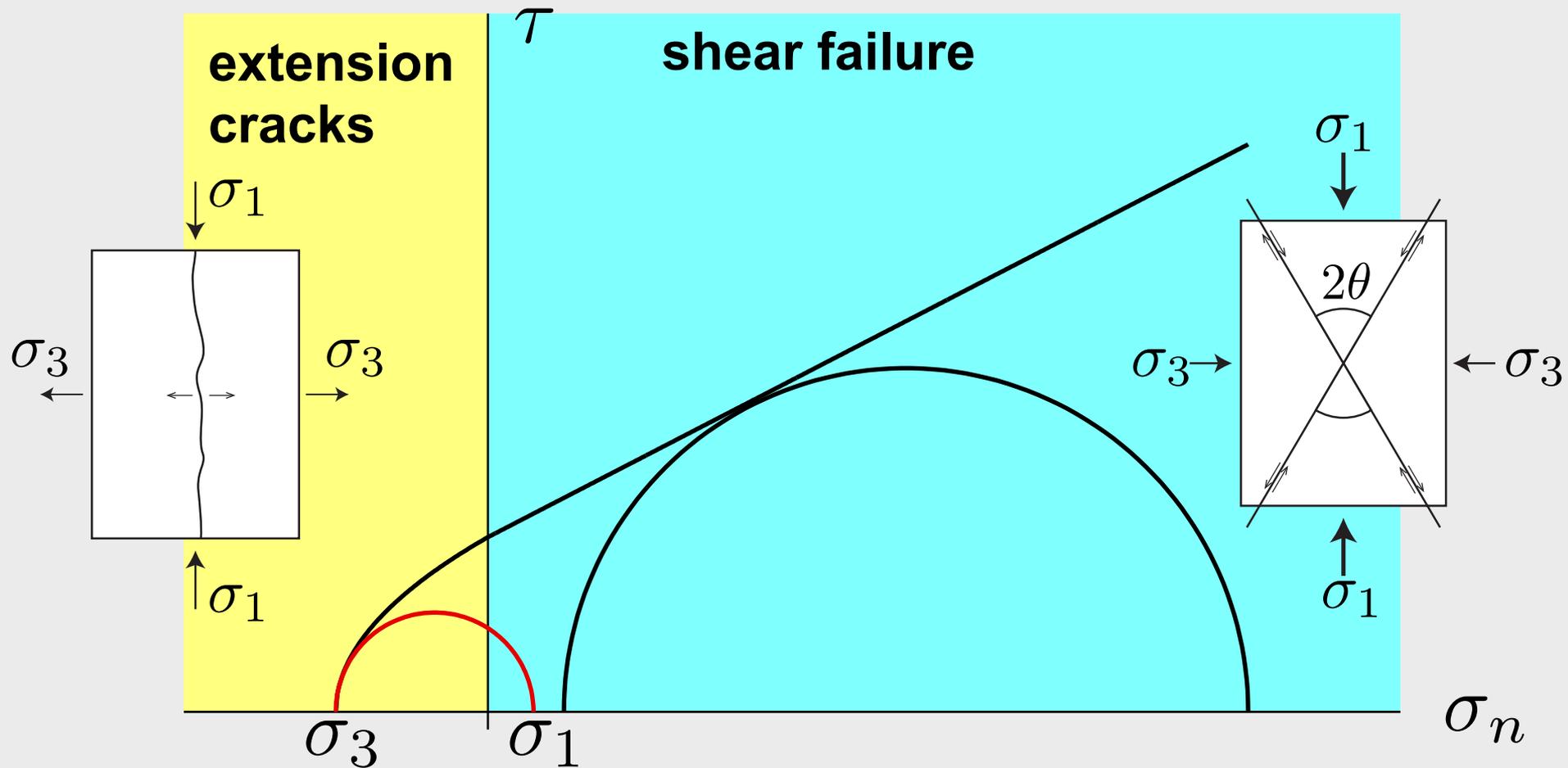
Changing pore pressure



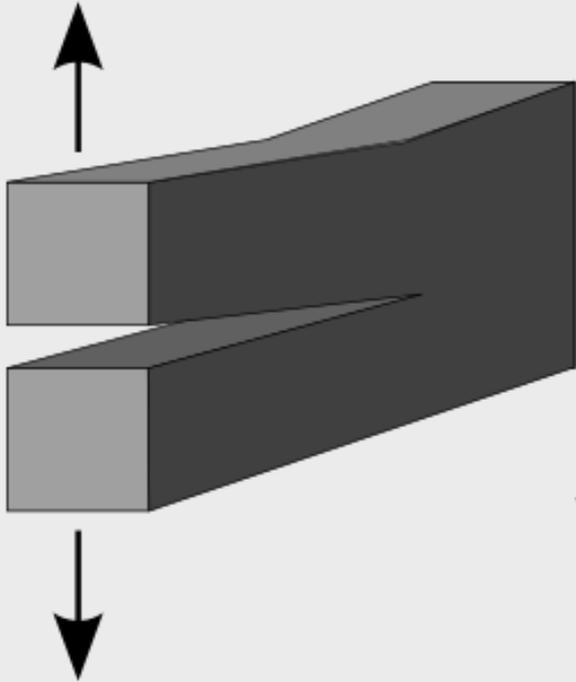
Failure



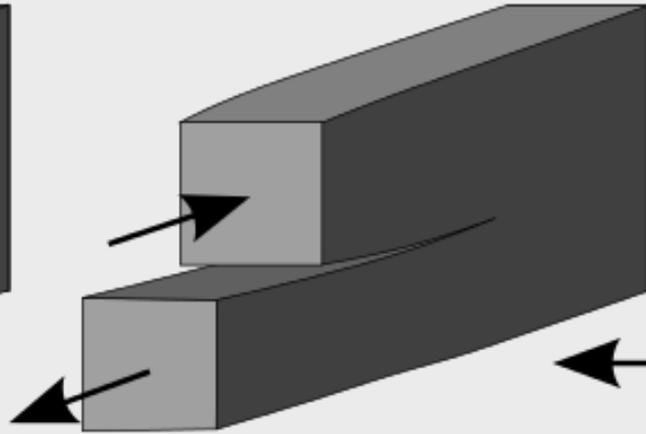
Failure



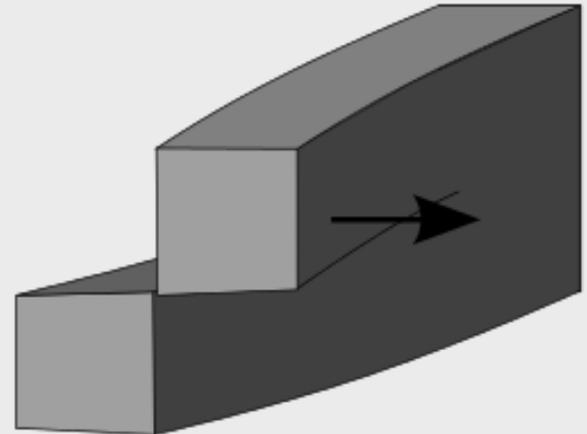
Fracture mechanisms



Mode I
Opening

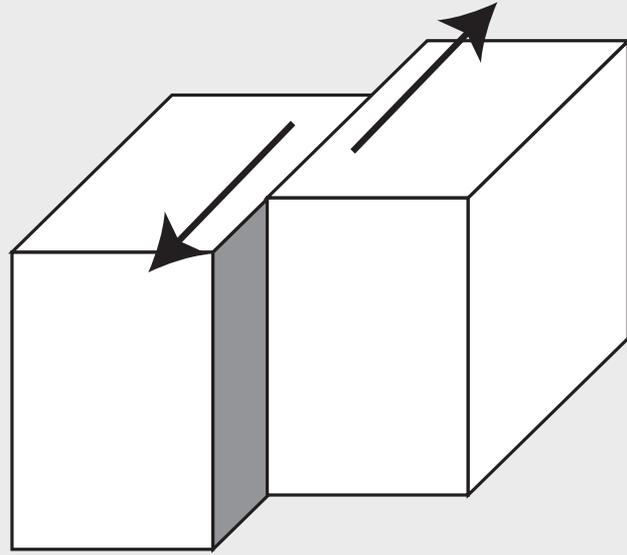


Mode II
Shearing

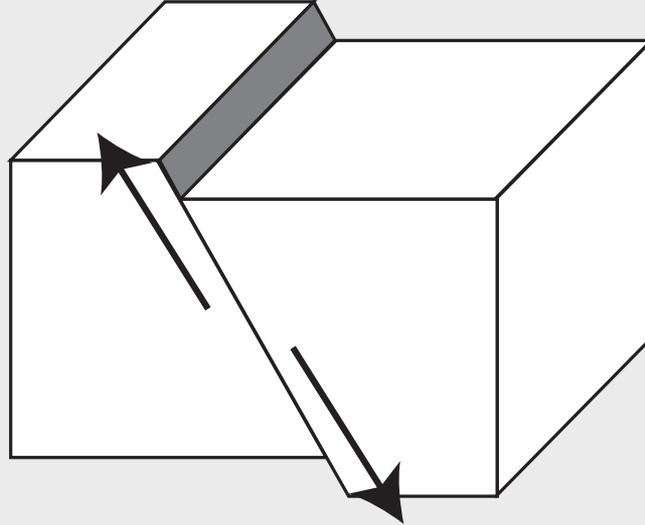


Mode III
Tearing

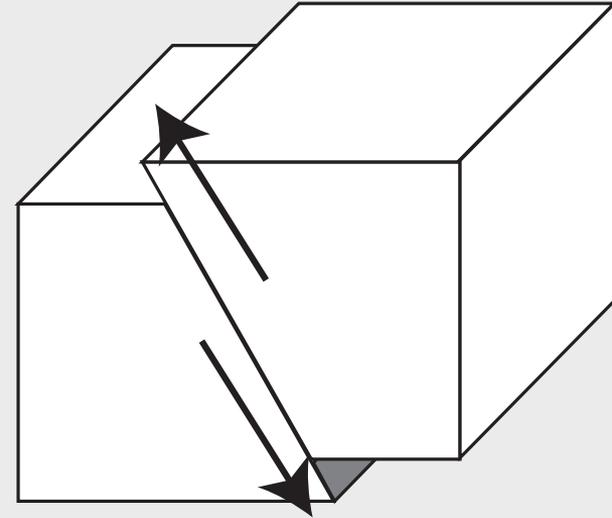
Faulting



Strike slip

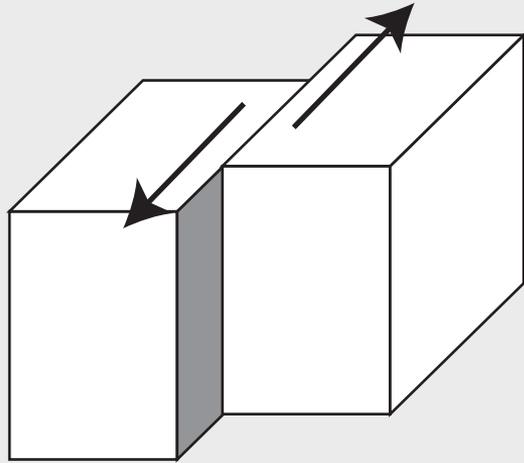


Normal

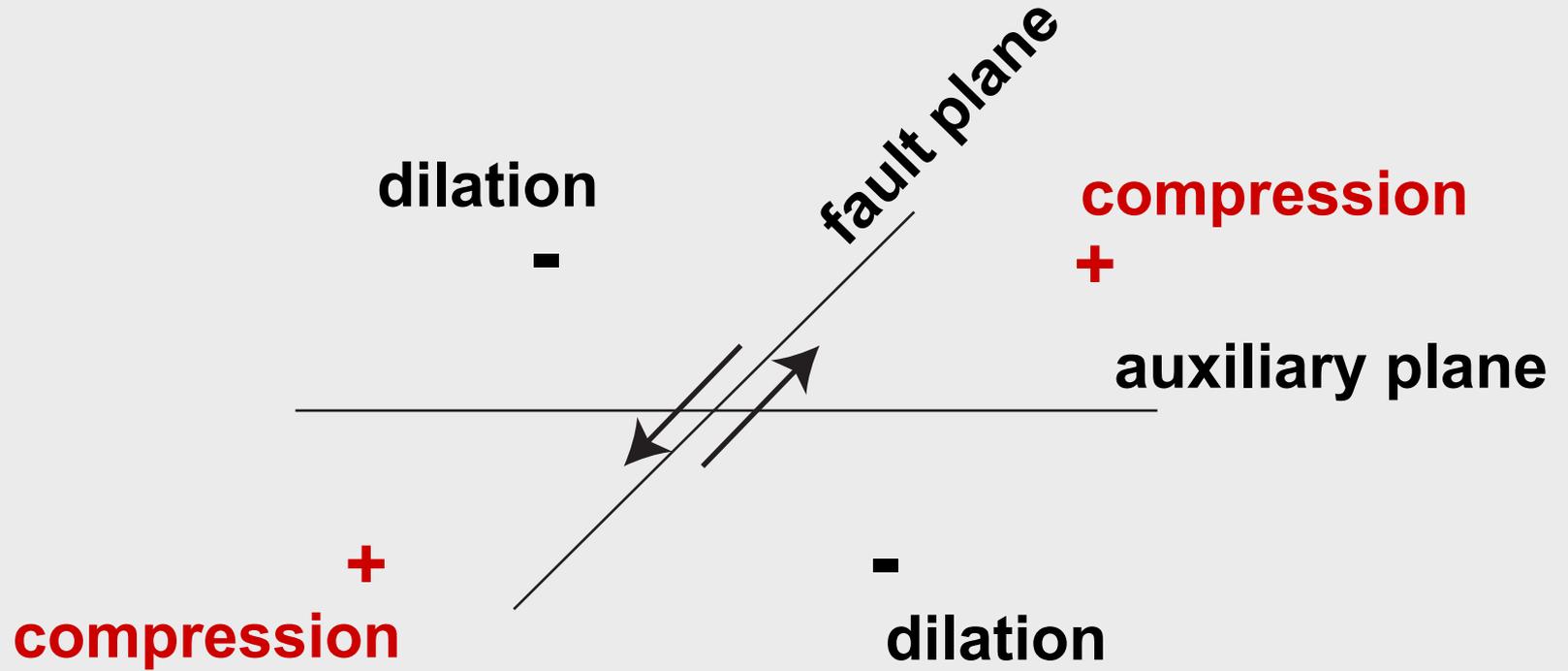


Reverse

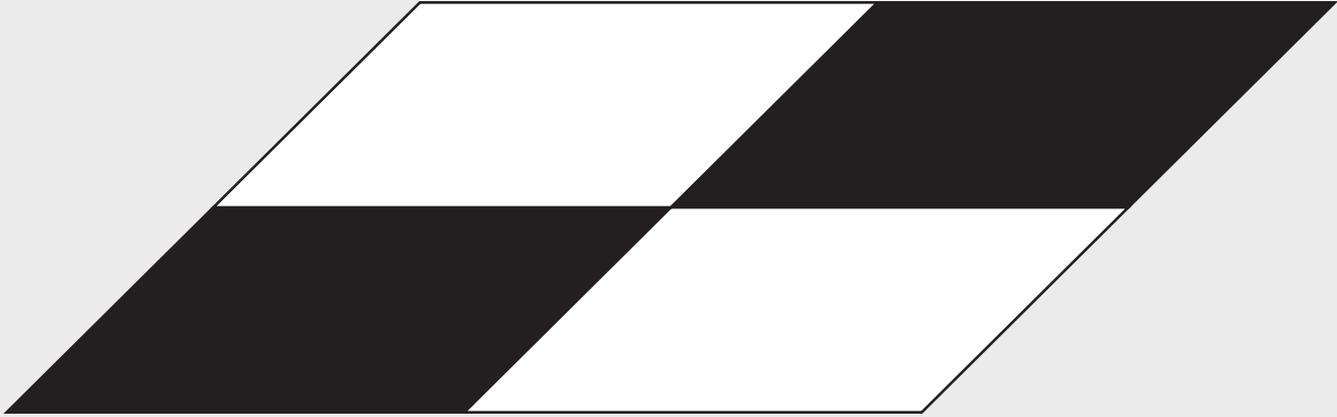
Faulting



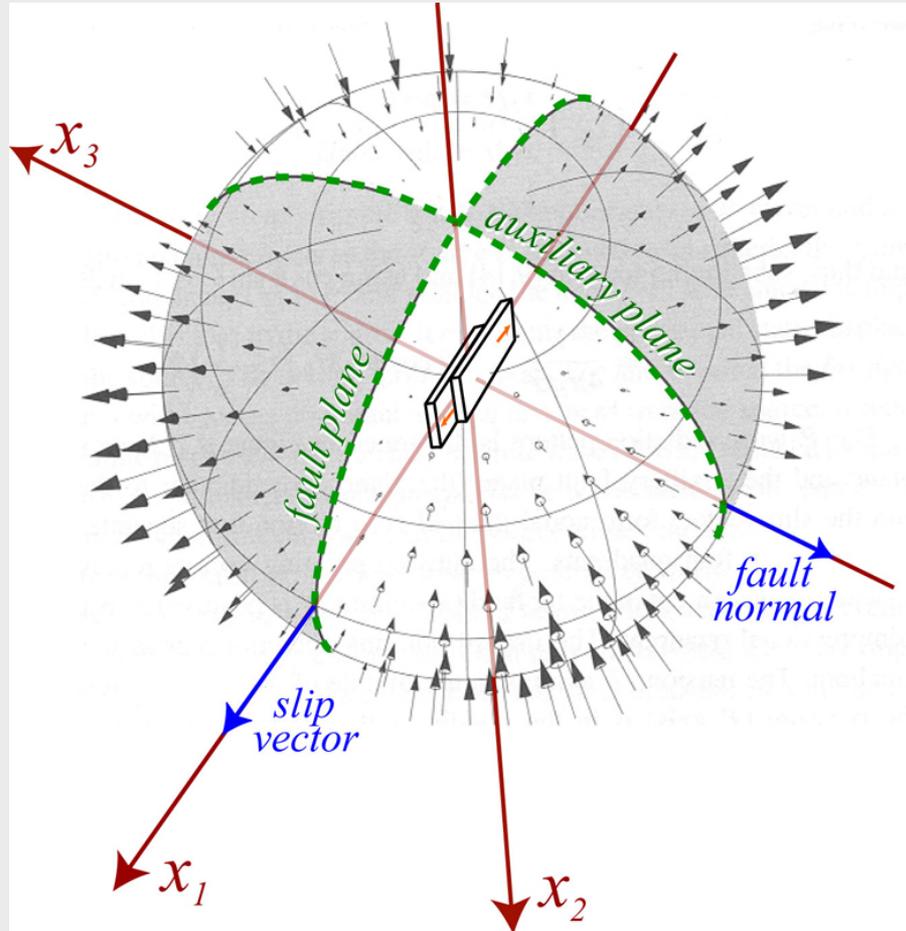
Faulting



Faulting



Seismic wave



Seismic wave

$$\mathcal{L}\mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x})$$

u Displacement

F Force (related to stress)

L Wave-propagation operator
(e.g., $\nabla^2 + \omega^2/v_p^2$)

Seismic wave

wave propagation

mechanics

$$\mathcal{L}\mathbf{u}(x) = \mathbf{F}(x)$$

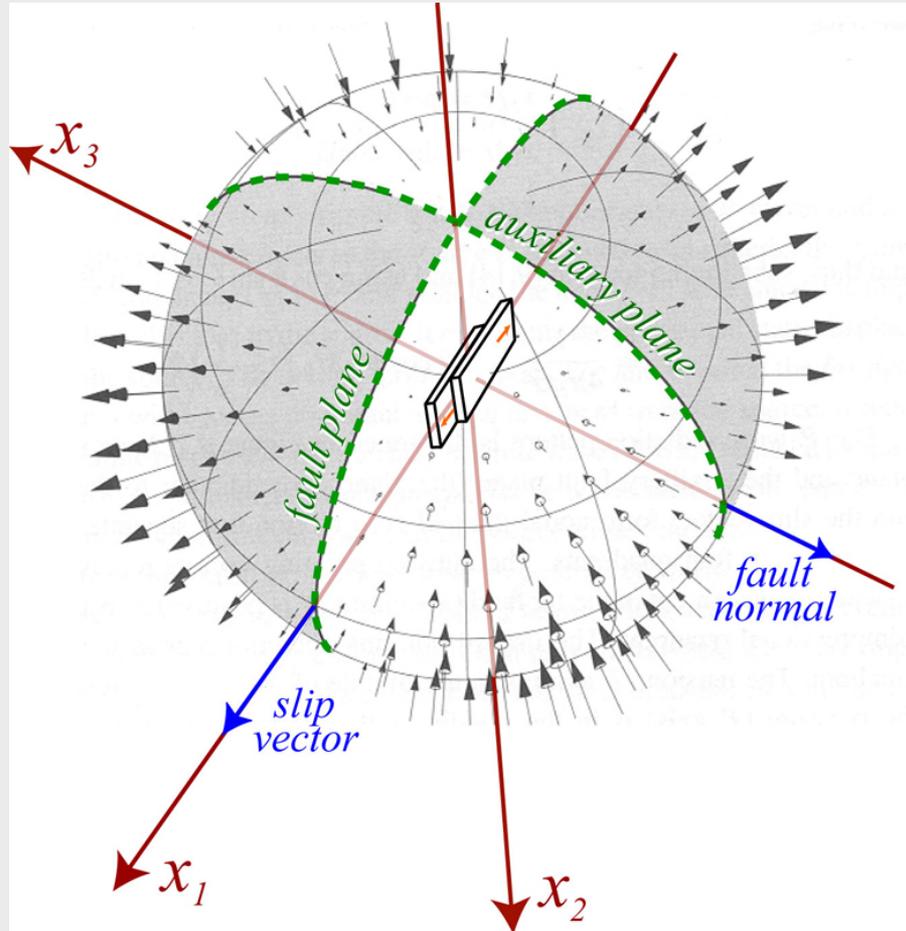
data

u Displacement

F Force (related to stress)

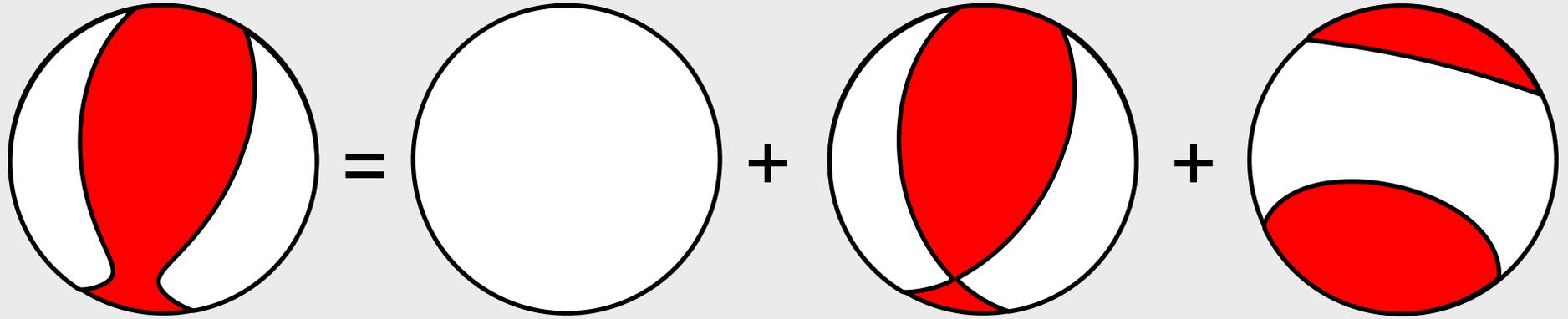
L Wave-propagation operator
(e.g., $\nabla^2 + \omega^2/v_p^2$)

Seismic wave



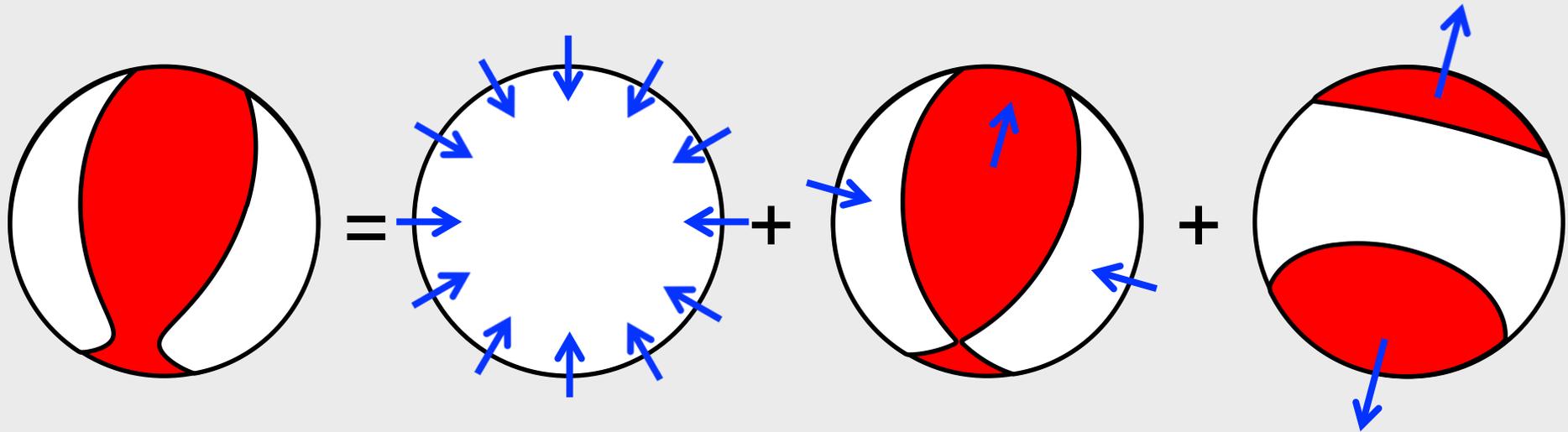
Moment tensor

$$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M}^{\text{ISO}} + \mathbf{M}^{\text{DC}} + \mathbf{M}^{\text{CLVD}}$$



Moment tensor

$$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M}^{\text{ISO}} + \mathbf{M}^{\text{DC}} + \mathbf{M}^{\text{CLVD}}$$



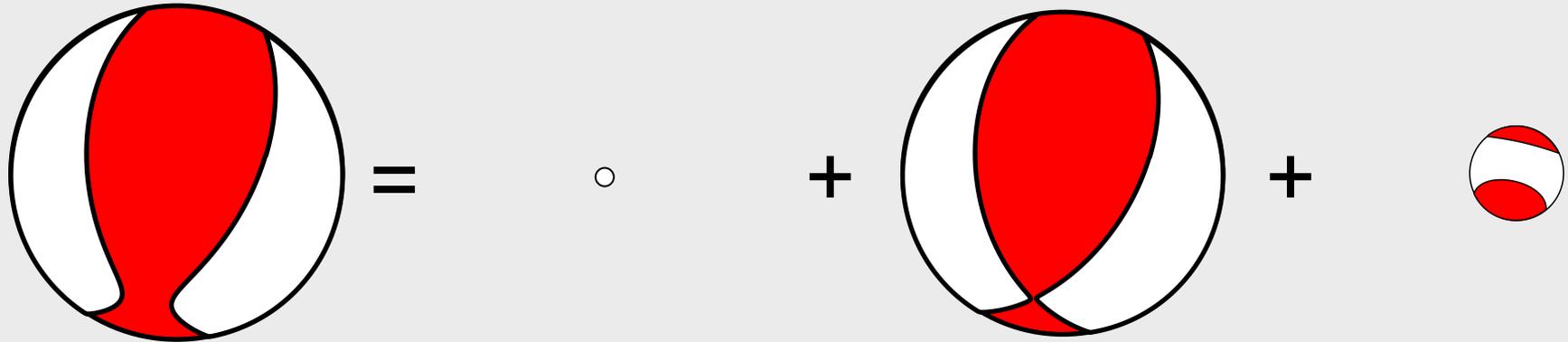
Moment tensor

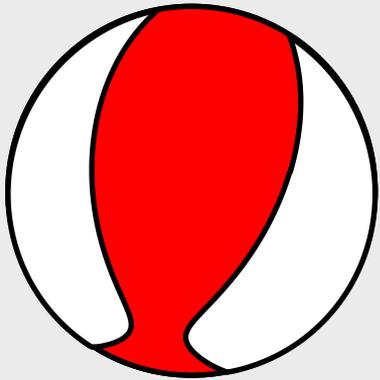
$$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M}^{\text{ISO}} + \mathbf{M}^{\text{DC}} + \mathbf{M}^{\text{CLVD}}$$

0.01%

99%

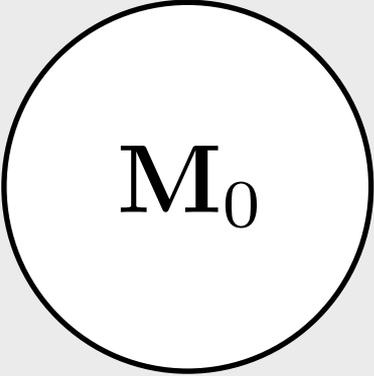
1%





Magnitude

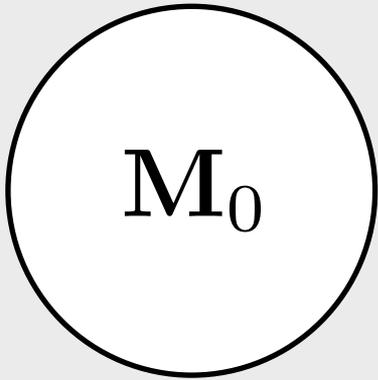
$$M_w = \frac{2}{3} (\log_{10} M_0 - 9.1)$$



M_0

Magnitude

$$M_w = \frac{2}{3} (\log_{10} M_0 - 9.1)$$



$$M_w \rightarrow M_w + 1$$

||

$$M_0 \rightarrow 32M_0$$

Magnitude - scale

