

# The Socialization of Tiered Networks

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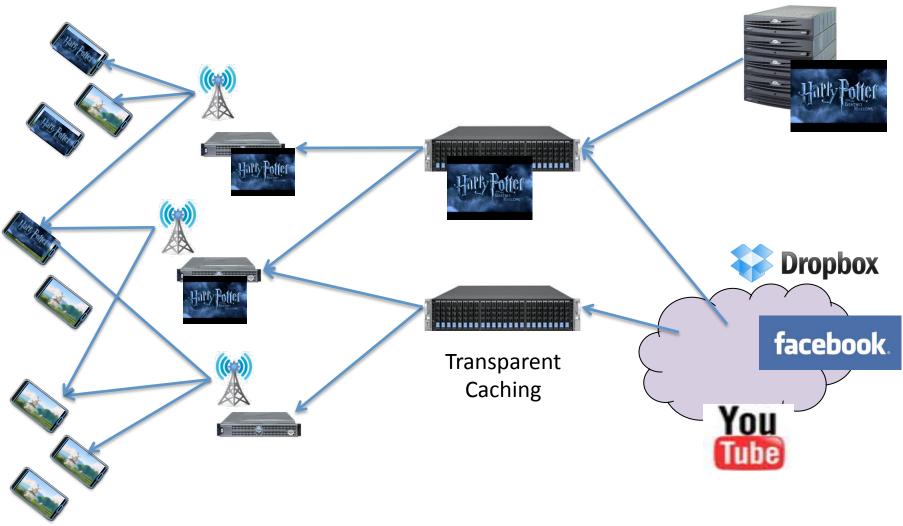




## Agenda

- Tiered Networks are de rigueur
- Network Coding to optimize transfer
  - Reduce power
  - Leverage Multi-source approaches
- Integrating Social Information
  - Location Information
  - Localized Information
  - Local "Friend" Information







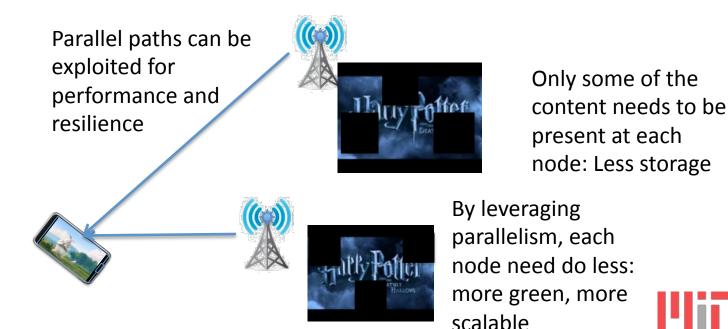
- + Reduce backhaul
- + Support multiple bandwidths
- + Better response (lower latency)

- Significant storage
- Significant cost to create bandwidth
- Unidirectional
- Lacking standards for multiplexing data



## **Network Coding**

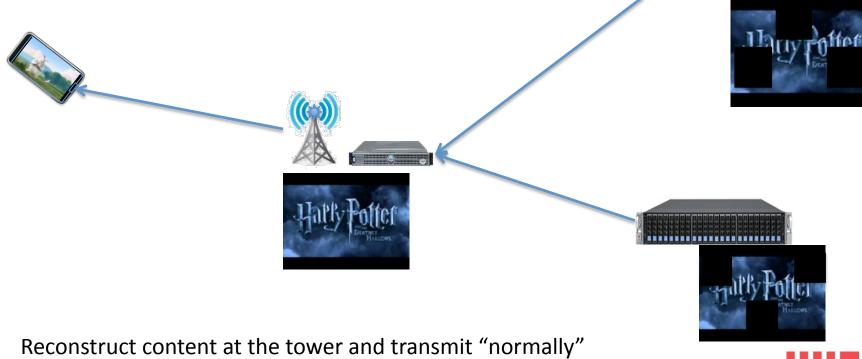
- Reduce the storage overhead
- Improve bandwidth
- Be more resilient to network failures





## Network Coding

• It is not necessary to transfer in parallel to the handset to see these benefits

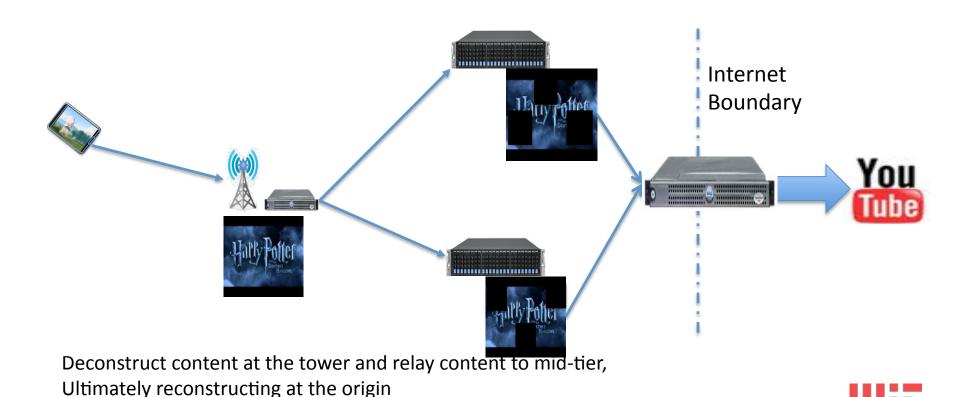


Reconstruct content at the tower and transmit "normally" Improve backhaul distribution, reduce capacity at mid-tier.



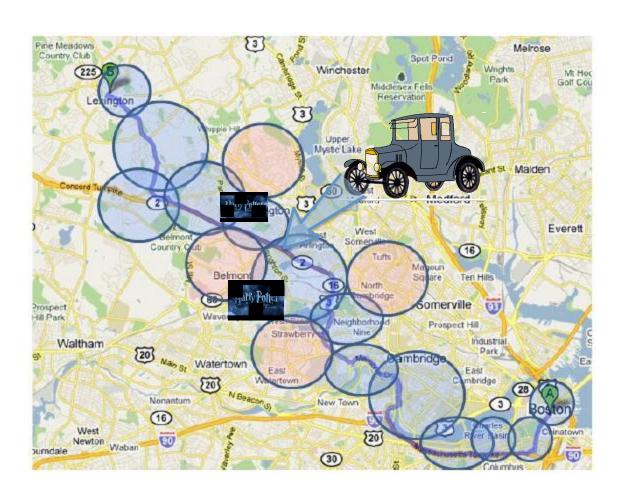
## **Network Coding**

Could this be bidirectional?





## Leveraging Location Information



If I know where I am and where I am going then I should be able to anticipate where the content needs to be. It can be pre-staged at lower bandwidths.

Integration of GPS, location context, etc.



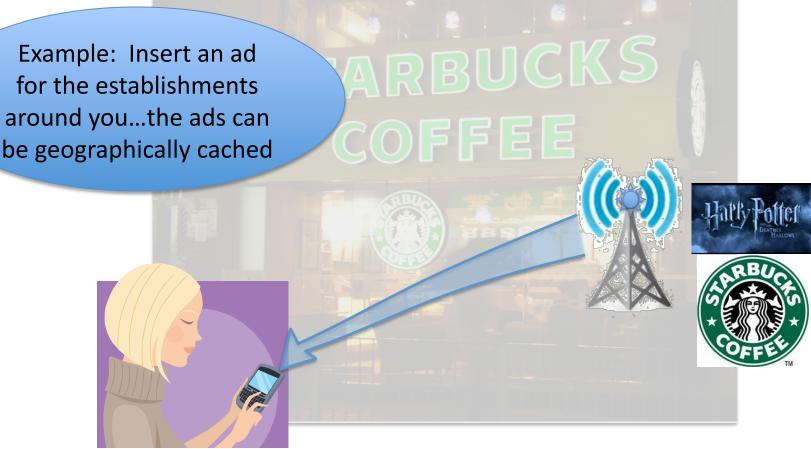
## Leveraging Location Information

We know these sites are going to be congested. Can we change coding to enable more content to be delivered with less bandwidth? For example: Encode in more fragments to get better bandwidth distribution. Perhaps we should encode streaming content to lower bitrates at the caching point.



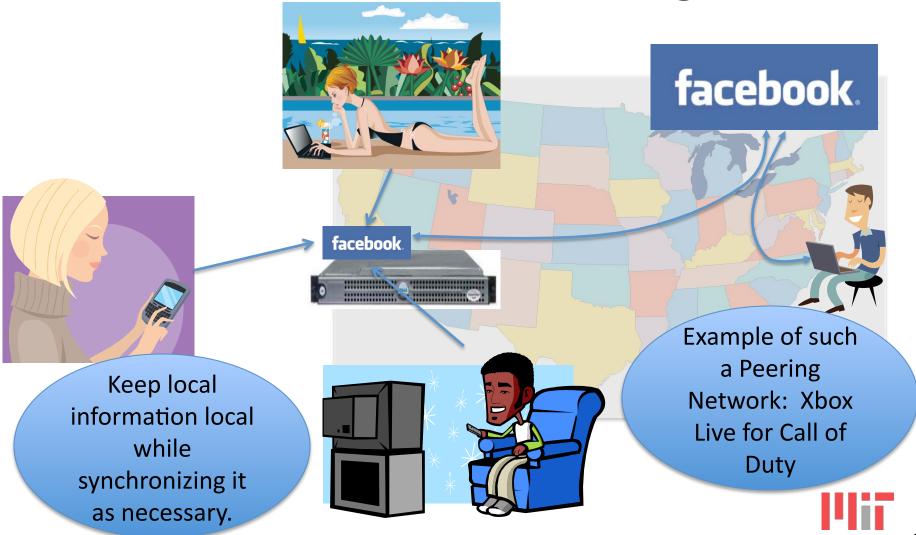


## Putting Local Information Locally





## Friends and Peering





## Summary

- Tiered networks are becoming "Jacks or Better"
- Tiered networks can be made more efficient and intelligent
- Network coding, geographic sensitivity,
   bidirectional transit, application awareness
- Of these, perhaps bidirectional transit with coding is the most challenging