

TabulaROSA: Tabular Operating System Architecture

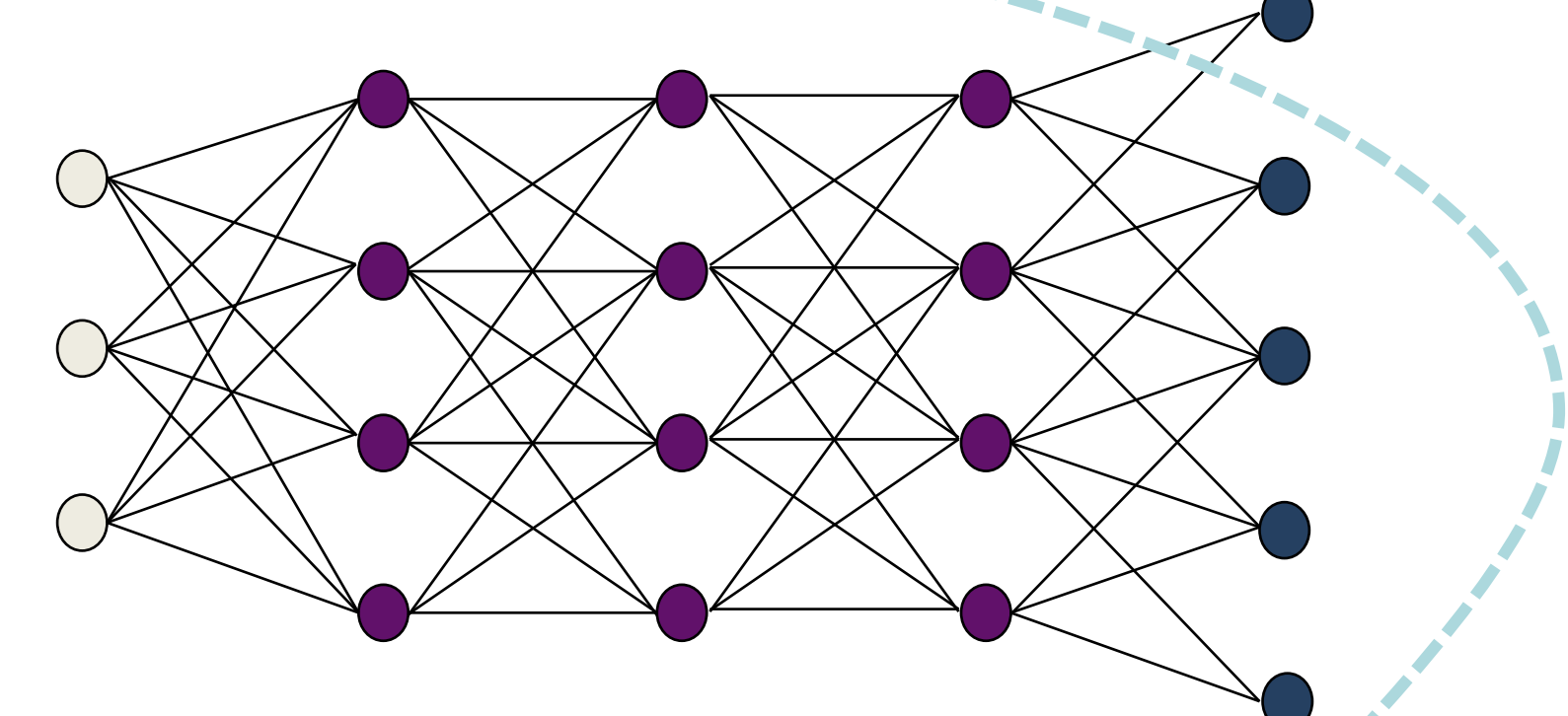
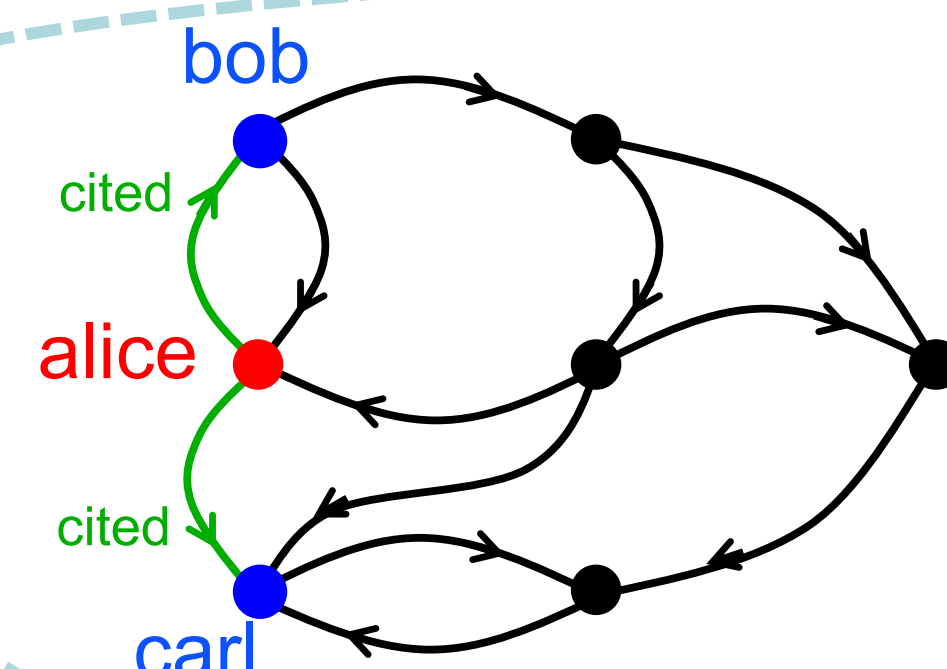
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Overview

- The rise in computing hardware choices is driving a reevaluation of operating systems
- An operating system can be viewed as software that brokers and tracks the resources of the compute engines and is akin to a database management system
- To explore the idea of using a database in an operating system role, this work defines key operating system functions in terms of rigorous mathematical semantics that are directly translatable into database operations

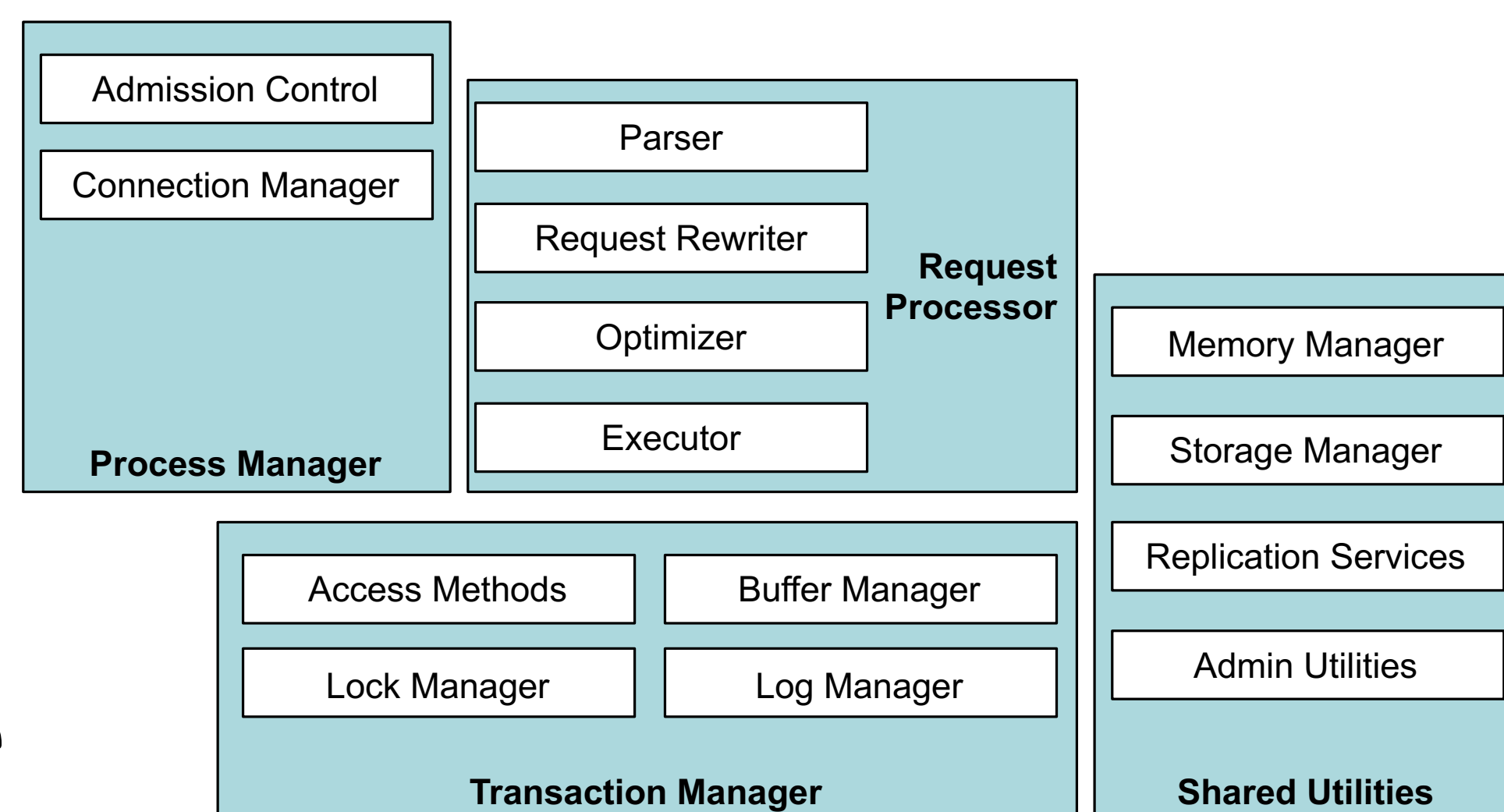
Compute/Data
Intensive
Operations



$$\begin{aligned} C &= A \oplus B & C &= A \otimes C \\ C &= A \oplus . \otimes B \end{aligned}$$

Tabular Instruction Set

TabulaR
Operating
System
Architecture

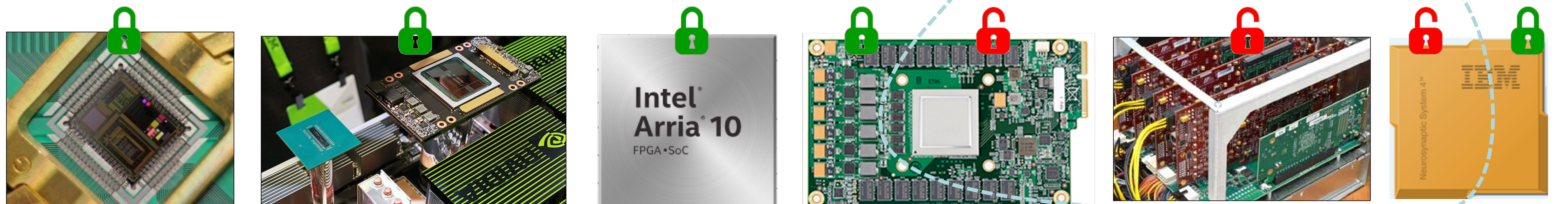


Dynamic Binding of
Instructions, Data &
Authorizations to
Hardware



Hardware
Isolation

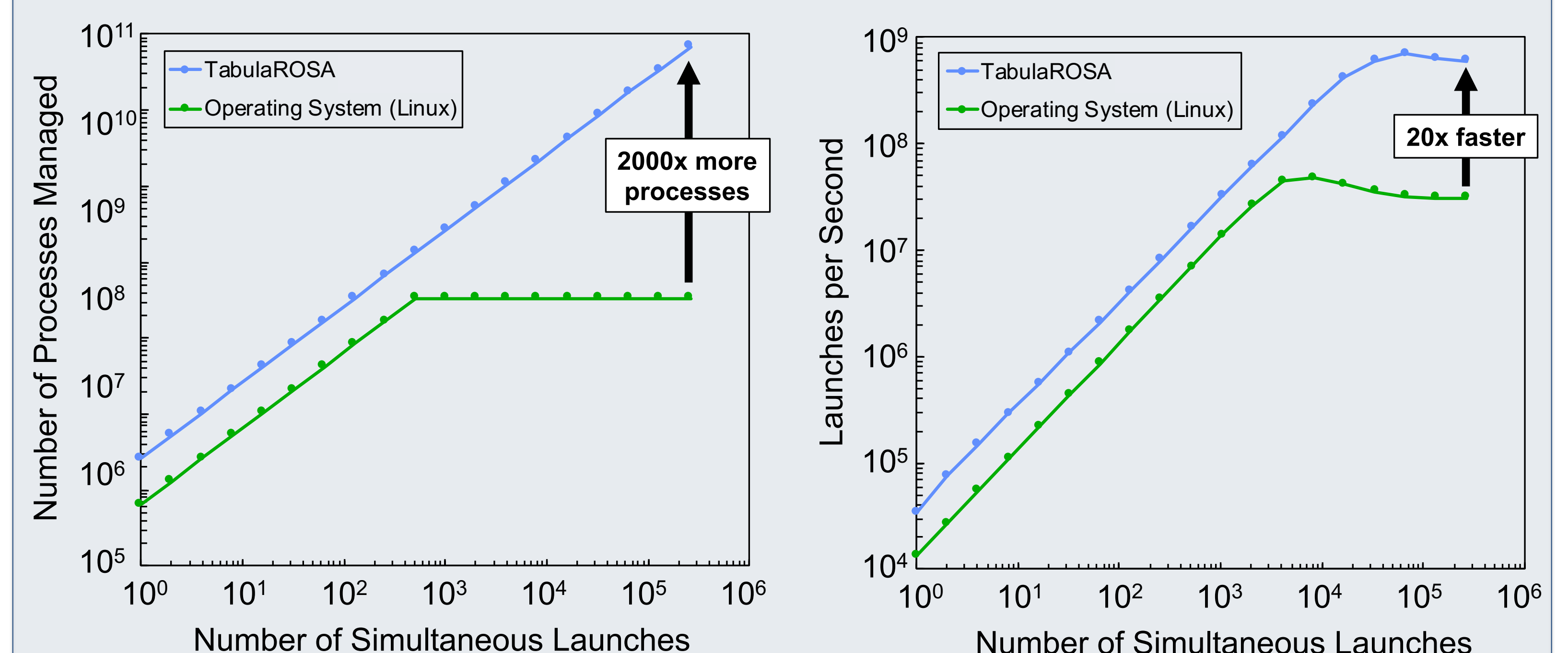
Massively Parallel
Heterogeneous
Hardware



Simulation

- Operating system equations provide a mathematical specification for a Tabular Operating System Architecture (TabulaROSA) that can be implemented on any platform
- Simulations of forking in TabularROSA are performed using an associative array implementation using D4M[1] and compared to Linux on a 32,000+ core supercomputer[2]
- The TabulaROSA simulations show 20x higher performance as compared to Linux while managing 2000x more processes in fully searchable tables

Performance Results



References:

- [1] Dynamic distributed dimensional data model (D4M) database and computation system, Kepner et al, ICASSP 2012.
[2] TabulaROSA: Tabular Operating System Architecture for Massively Parallel Heterogeneous Compute Engines, Kepner et al, IEEE HPEC 2018

This material is based upon work supported by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering under Air Force Contract No. FA8702- 15-D-0001 and National Science Foundation grants DMS-1312831 and CCF- 1533644. Any opinions, findings, conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering or the National Science Foundation.