

# Automating Contracting among XML Agents

*Invited Presentation for  
American Bar Association (ABA) Business Law Section Spring Meeting 2002:  
Cyberlaw Committee, E-Commerce Subcommittee, E-Contracting Practices  
Workgroup*

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- *PREFACE: This talk is an updated/expanded version of a talk from last year's ABA Mtg:*

“Rule-based Technology for Automating Contracting by Agents”

*Invited Presentation for  
ABA Business Law Spring Meeting 2001:  
Cyberlaw Committee, Internet Law Subcommittee & Electronic  
Agents Task Force;*

*March 24, 2001 at Philadelphia Convention Center*

# Outline

- *Aiming to be provocative*
- 1. What is Law in the Small
  - example: e-signatures: deeper issues & opportunities
- 2. What's Doable Now in rule-based agent contracting
  - functionality: communicate, execute, modify
  - what kind of stuff represented by rules
- 3. Example of Agent Contract Communication:
  - Approach: Inter-operable, modular XML Rules represent parts of Contract Content
- 4. Applications:
  - Current
  - Vision

SweetDeal system

- 5. *Discussion: Directions for the Glorious Future*

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# What is “Law in the Small”

- “Hum-drum”: agreements, “rules & regulations”
- **contracts; e-signatures; authorizations**
- **regulations; bureaucratic forms, processes**
- routine, but lots of details to be worked out & dealt with
  - what we deal with every day
  - not intrinsically controversial, usually doesn’t → court
  - no TV channels or shows, lacks glamour
- goal: minimize run-time human lawyer/client labor
- represent **business policies and processes**, many of which have legal aspects or legal weight

# Law in the Small (continued)

- *Dream: Automate it*

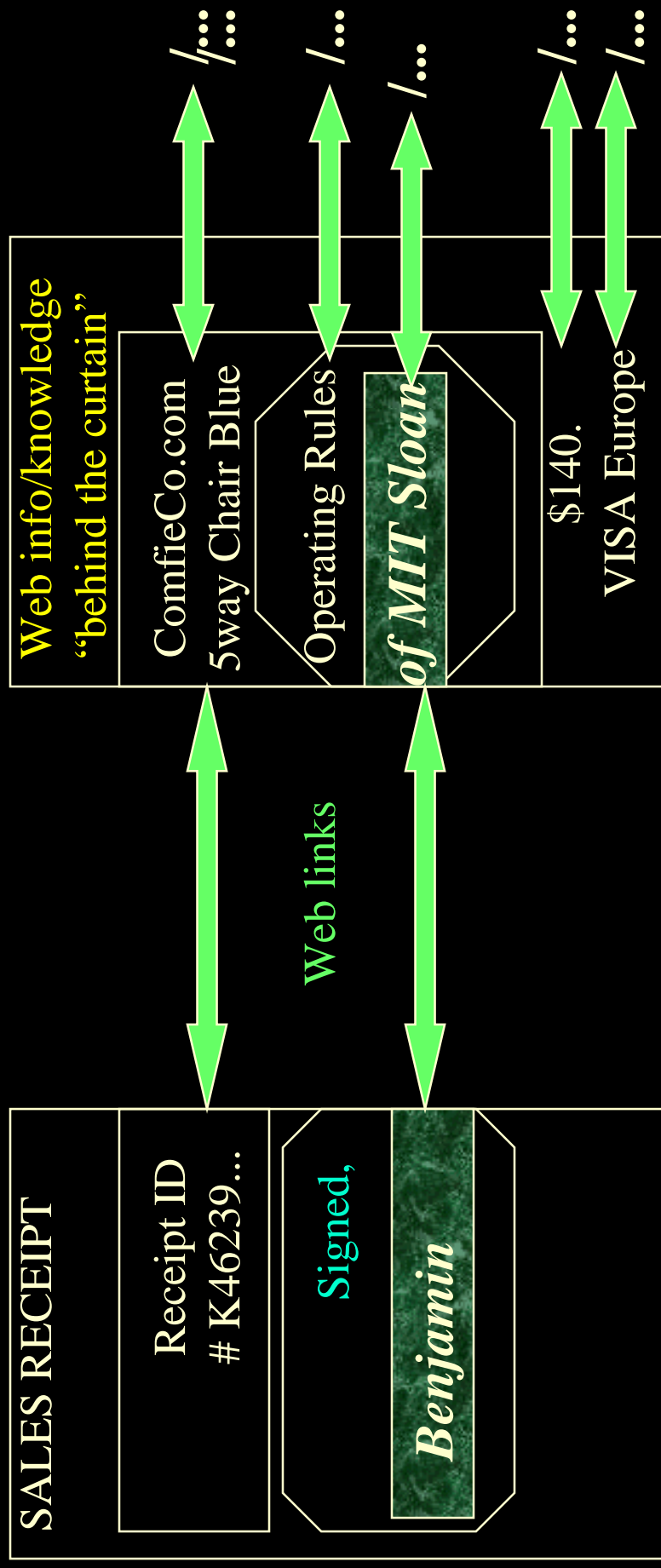
- specify
  - modify
- infer
  - act, decide
- communicate
  - find relevant

# *Deeper Issues of E-Signatures*

- WHAT'S THE DEAL ? ... !!
- SIGN AS WHAT ?? ... !!
- *Vision/Approach:* A net of documents combined by links, on the Web

# Looks Simple To Start... then Gets Interestingly Precise

*A Vision/Approach of what Web & Agents enable*



# *The Web is becoming XML*

- XML (vs. HTML) offers much greater capabilities for structured detailed descriptions that can be processed automatically.
  - Eases application development effort for assimilation of data in inter-enterprise interchange
  - A suite of open standards both current and emerging
- *Soon, Agents will Talk according to these standards...*
  - ∴ potential to revolutionize interactivity in Web marketplaces
    - B2B, ...



# *What's Doable Today* in rule-based agent contracting, based on our approach to rule representation (“SweetDeal”)

- Communicate: with deep shared semantics
  - XML, inter-operable with same sanctioned inferences
  - $\leftrightarrow$  heterogeneous rule systems / rule-based agents
- Execute contract provisions:
  - infer; ebiz actions; authorize; ...
- Modify easily: contingent provisions
  - default rules; modularity; exceptions, overriding
- Reason about the contract/proposal
  - hypotheticals, test, evaluate; tractably
  - (also need “solo” decision making/support by each agent)

# *Approach:*

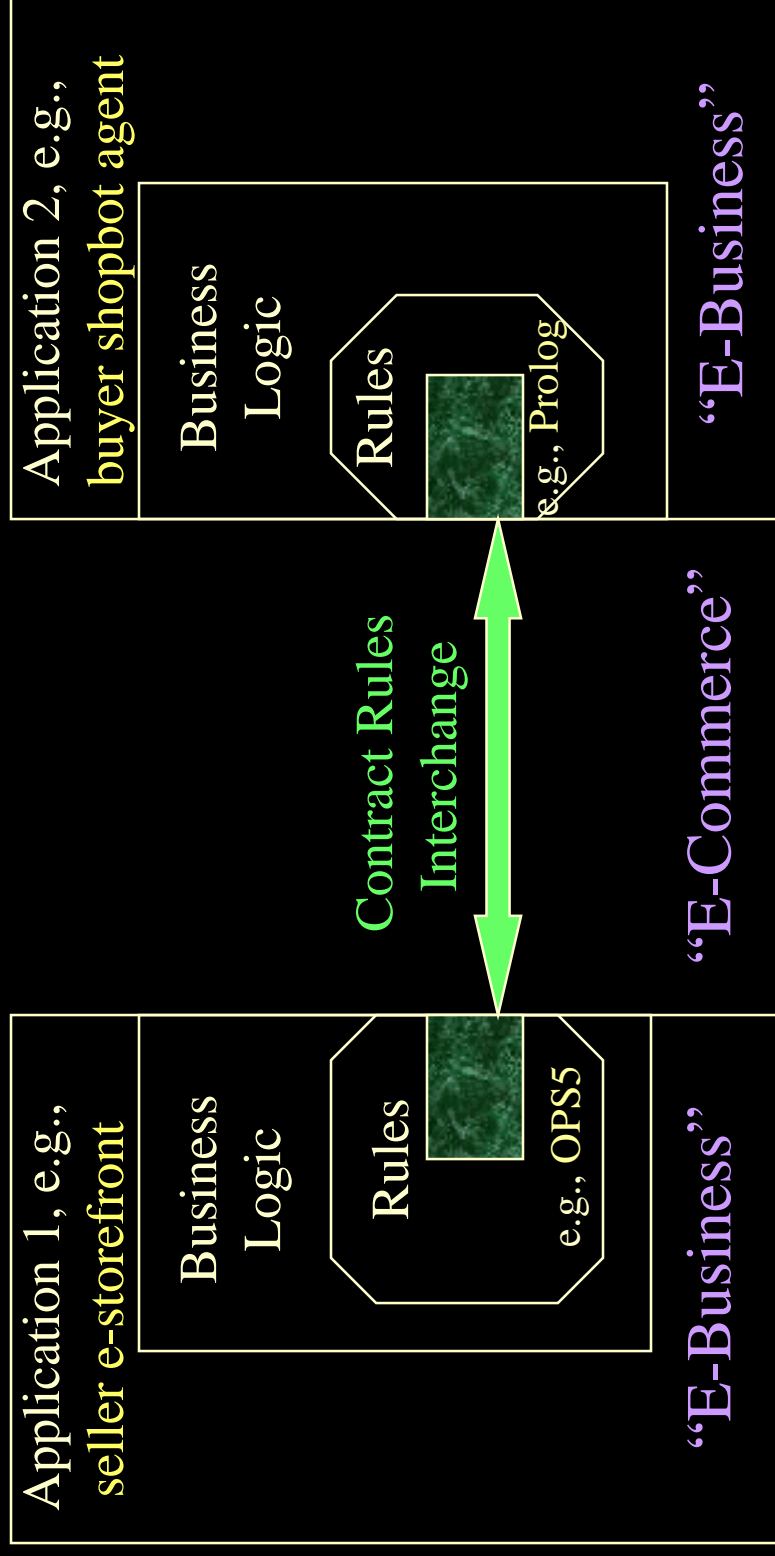
## *Rule-based Contracts for E-commerce*

- Rules as way to specify (part of) business processes, policies, products: as (part of) contract terms.
- Complete or partial contract.
  - As **default rules**. **Update**, e.g., in negotiation.
- Rules provide high level of conceptual abstraction.
  - **easier for non-programmers** to understand, specify, **dynamically modify & merge**. E.g.,
    - by multiple authors, cross-enterprise, cross-application.
- Executable. Integrate with other rule-based business processes.

# *Our SweetDeal System*

- SWEET = Semantic Web Enabling Technology
  - software components, theory, approach
  - pilot application scenarios, incl. [contracting \(SweetDeal\)](#)
- Uses/contributes *emerging standards* for XML and knowledge representation:
  - RuleML (co-founder)
  - WebOnt ontologies (W3C)
- Uses *repositories* of business processes and contracts
  - MIT Process Handbook (Sloan IT)
  - legal/regulatory sources: law firms, ABA, CommonAccord, ... *Suggestions welcome!!*

# *Contract Rules across Applications / Enterprises*

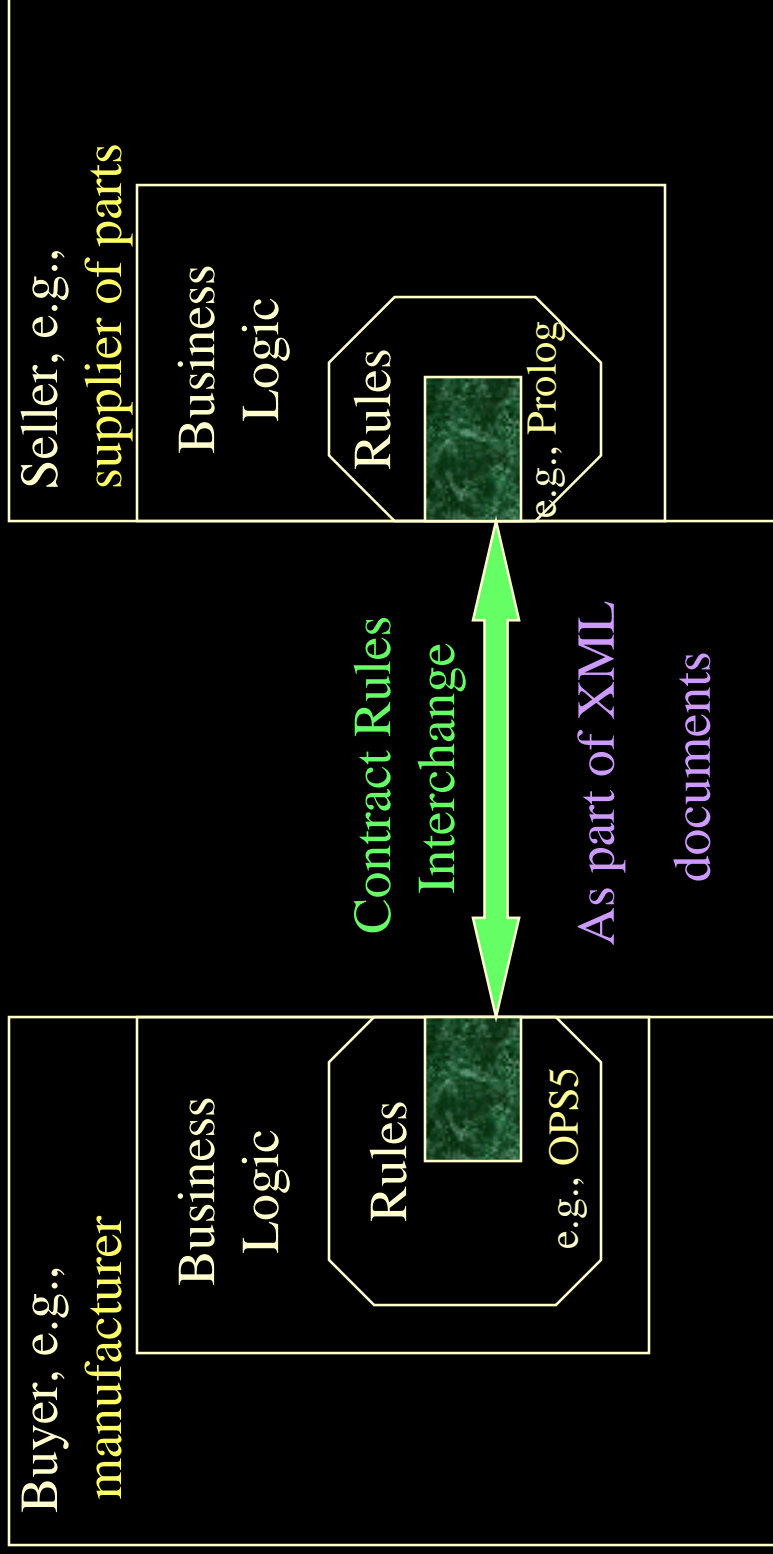


*Contracting parties integrate e-businesses via shared rules.*

# *Examples of Contract Provisions Well-Represented by Rules in Agent Deal Making*

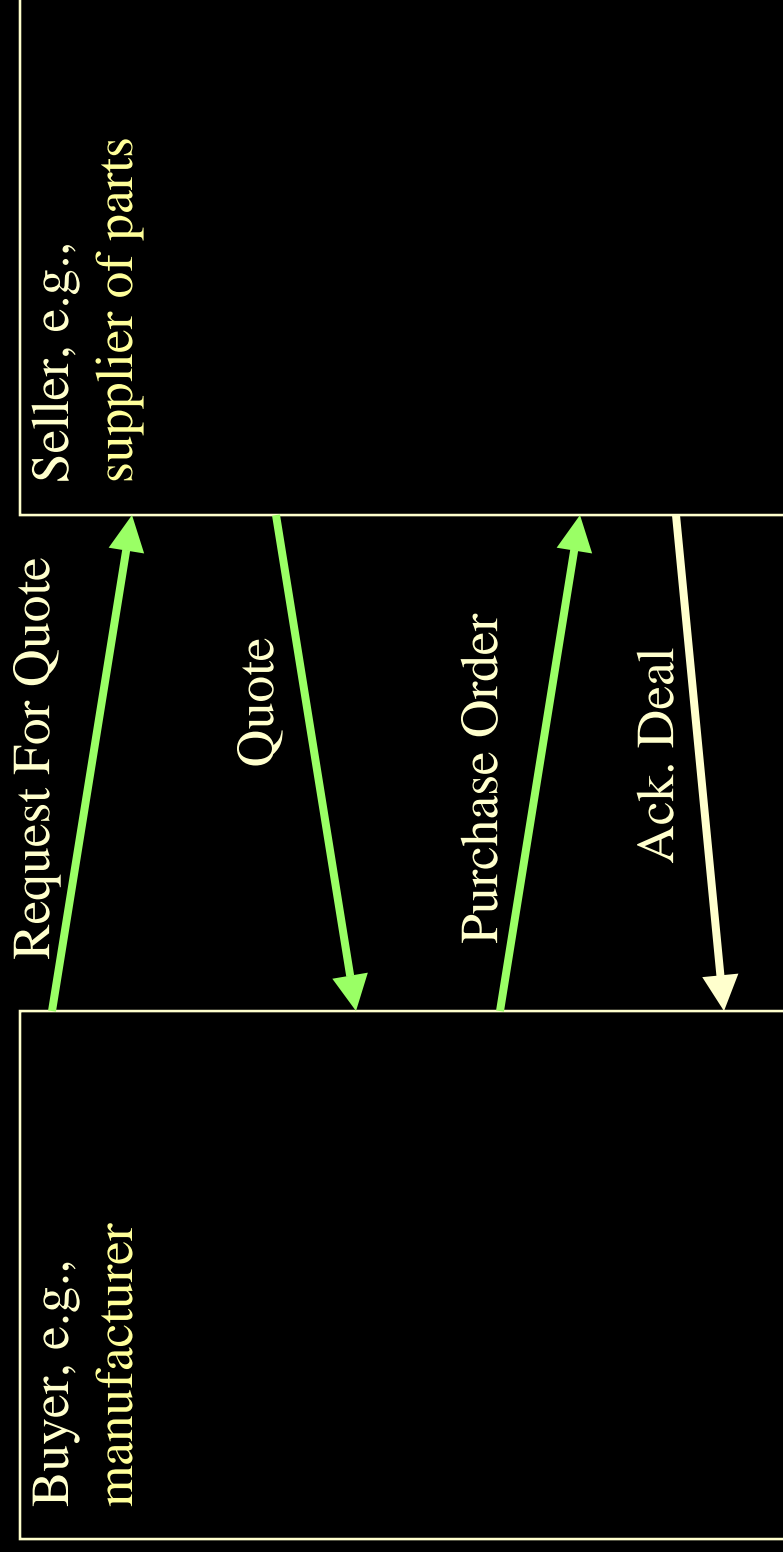
- Product descriptions
  - Product catalogs: properties, conditional on other properties.
- Pricing dependent upon: delivery-date, quantity, group memberships, umbrella contract provisions
- Terms & conditions: refund/cancellation timelines/deposits, lateness/quality penalties, ordering lead time, shipping, creditworthiness, biz-partner qualification, service provisions
- Trust
  - Creditworthiness, authorization, required signatures
- *Buyer Requirements (RFQ, RFP) wrt the above*
- *Seller Capabilities (Sourcing, Qualification) wrt the above*

# Contract Rules during Negotiation

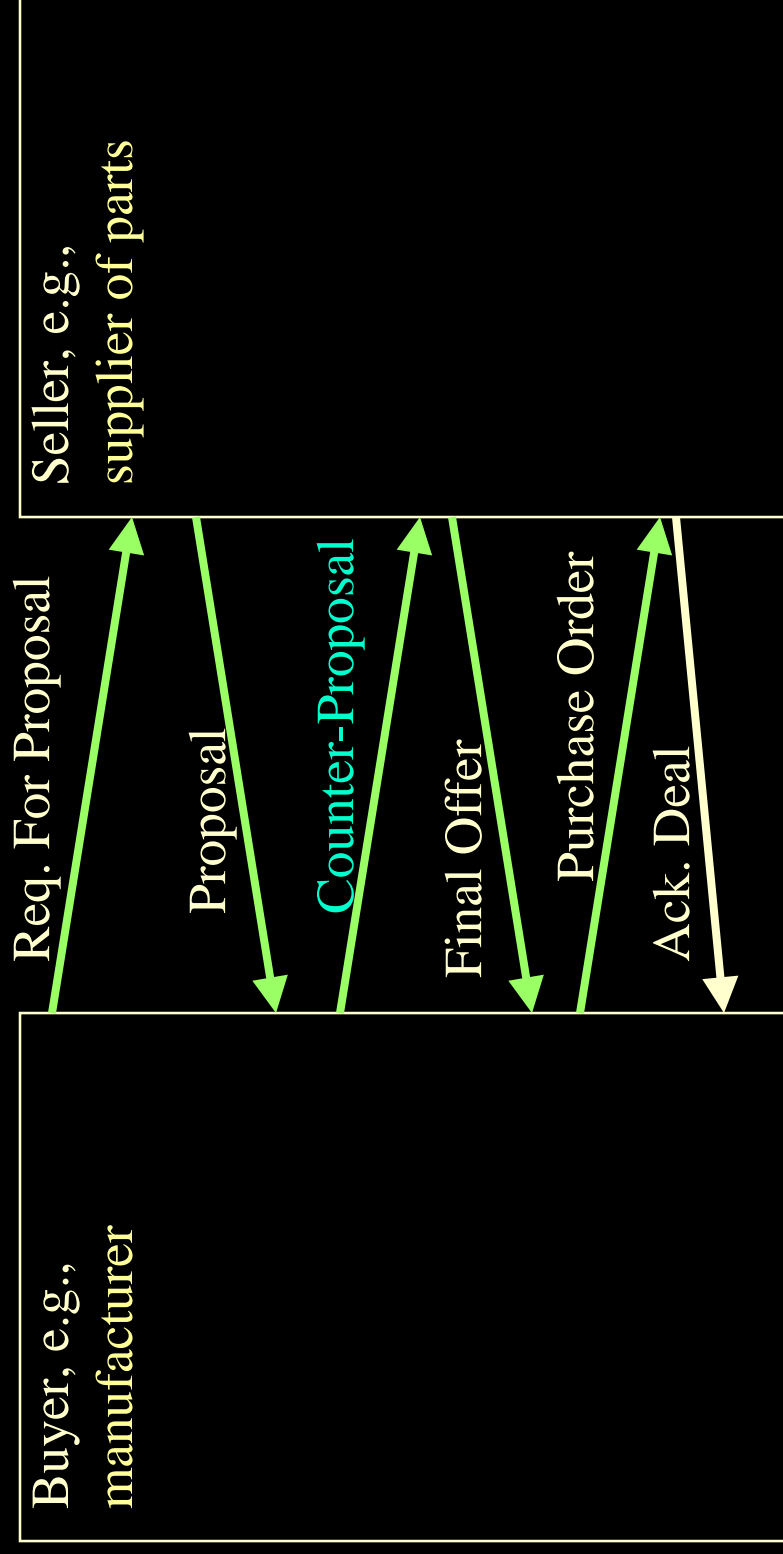


*Contracting parties NEGOTIATE via shared rules.*

# *Exchange of Rules Content during Negotiation: example*



# *Exchange of Rules Content during Negotiation: example*





# *Negotiation Example XML Document: Proposal from supplierCo to manufCo*

```
<negotiation_message>  
<message_header>  
  <proposal/>  
  <from> supplierCo </from>  
  <to> ManufCo </to>  
</message_header>  
<rules_content>  
  ...[see next slide]  
</rules_content>  
  ...  
</negotiation_message>
```

Example of similar message document format:

FIPA Agent Communication Markup Language (draft industry standard).

# *Negotiation Ex. Doc. Rules: Proposal from supplierCo to manufCo*

- ...  
<usualPrice> price(per\_unit, ?PO, \$60) ←
- purchaseOrder(?PO, supplierCo, ?AnyBuyer) ∧
- quantity\_ordered( ?PO, ?Q) ∧ (?Q ≥ 5) ∧ (?Q ≤ 1000) ∧
- shipping\_date(?PO, ?D) ∧ (?D ≥ 24Apr00) ∧ (?D ≤ 12May00).
- <volumeDiscount> price(per\_unit, ?PO, \$51) ←
- purchaseOrder(?PO, supplierCo, ?AnyBuyer) ∧
- quantity\_ordered( ?PO, ?Q) ∧ (?Q ≥ 100) ∧ (?Q ≤ 1000) ∧
- shipping\_date(?PO, ?D) ∧ (?D ≥ 28Apr00) ∧ (?D ≤ 12May00) .
- overrides(volumeDiscount, usualPrice) .
- ⊥ ← price(per\_unit, ?PO, ?X) ∧ price(per\_unit, ?PO, ?Y) GIVEN (?X ≠ ?Y).
- ...

# Negotiation Ex. Doc. Rules:

## Counter-Proposal from *manufCo* to *supplierCo*

- ...
- `<usualPrice> price(per_unit, ?PO, $60) ← ...`
- `<volumeDiscount> price(per_unit, ?PO, $51) ←`
  - `purchaseOrder(?PO, supplierCo, ?AnyBuyer) ∧`
  - `quantity_ordered(?PO, ?Q) ∧ (?Q ≥ 5) ∧ (?Q ≤ 1000) ∧`
  - `shipping_date(?PO, ?D) ∧ (?D ≥ 28Apr00) ∧ (?D ≤ 12May00) .`
- `overrides(volumeDiscount, usualPrice) .`
- `⊥ ← price(per_unit, ?PO, ?X) ∧ price(per_unit, ?PO, ?Y) GIVEN (?X ≠ ?Y) .`
- `<aSpecialDeal> price(per_unit, ?PO, $48) ←`
  - `purchaseOrder(?PO, supplierCo, manufCo) ∧`
  - `quantity_ordered(?PO, ?Q) ∧ (?Q ≥ 400) ∧ (?Q ≤ 1000) ∧`
  - `shipping_date(?PO, ?D) ∧ (?D ≥ 02May00) ∧ (?D ≤ 12May00) .`
- `overrides(aSpecialDeal, volumeDiscount) .`
- `overrides(aSpecialDeal, usualPrice) .`
- ...

Simply

*added*

rules!

# *Negotiation Example -- XML Encoding of Rules in RuleML*

- `<rulebase>`
- `<imp>`
- `<_rlab>usualPrice</_rlab>`
- `<_head>`
- `<clit>`
- `<_opr><rel>price</rel></_opr>`
- `<ind>per_unit</ind>`
- `<var>PO</var>`
- `<ind>$60</ind>`
- `</clit>`
- `</_head>`
- `<_body> ... (see next page) </_body>`
- `</imp>`
- `...`
- `</rulebase>`

# *Negotiation Example -- XML Encoding of Rules in RuleML, Continued*

- `<_body>`
- `<andb>`
- `<fclit>`
- `<_opr><rel>purchaseOrder</rel></_opr>`
- `<var>PO</var>`
- `<ind>supplierCo</ind>`
- `<var>AnyBuyer</var>`
- `</fclit>`
- `<fclit>`
- ...
- `</fclit>`
- ...
- `</andb>`
- `</_body>`

# Commercial Implementation & Piloting

- **IBM CommonRules:** AlphaWorks Java library
  - implements rule-based capabilities:
    - XML inter-operability; prioritized conflict handling
- **Rule Markup Language:** nascent industry standards effort
  - XML Knowledge Representation (KR) → make the Web be “Semantic”
  - KR: **Situated Courteous Logic Programs in XML**
- EECOMS industry consortium including Boeing, Baan, TRW, Vitria, IBM, universities, small companies
  - \$29Million 1998-2000; 50% funded by NIST ATP
  - application piloted
    - contracting & negotiation; authorization & trust

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# *Flavors of Rules Commercially Most Important today in E-Business*

- E.g., in OO app's, DB's, workflows.
- Relational databases, SQL: Views, queries, facts are all rules.
- Production rules (OPS5 heritage): e.g.,
  - Blaze, ILOG, Haley: rule-based Java/C++ objects.
- Event-Condition-Action rules (loose family), cf.:
  - business process automation / workflow tools.
  - active databases; publish-subscribe.
- Prolog. “*logic programs*” as a full programming language.
- (*Lesser: other knowledge-based systems.*)

# Criteria for Contract Rule Representation

- 1 • *High-level:* Agents reach common understanding; contract is easily modifiable, communicatable, executable.
- 2 • Inter-operate: heterogeneous commercially important rule systems.  
• Expressive power, convenience, natural-ness.  
• ... but: computational tractability.
- 3 • Modularity and locality in revision.  
• Declarative semantics.  
• Logical non-monotonicity: default rules, negation-as-failure.  
• – essential feature in commercially important rule systems.  
• Prioritized conflict handling.  
• Ease of parsing.  
• Integration into Web-world software engineering.  
• Procedural attachments.

OLP

Courteous

XML

Situated

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# *Extension of Approach: Combining Textual and Rule/deeply- Automated fragments of Contracts*

- Exploit XML
  - *text* documents in XML
  - *rule* documents in XML
  - ... in XML
  - “swap ‘em and glue ‘em, over and over”
  - *reusable* contract fragments, e.g., 1st steps:
    - SweetDeal repository
    - CommonAccord.com: textual
- Support *incremental* evolution of automation & adoption

# *Also Currently Being Developed in the world today*

- Delegations between agents
- XML Ontologies (Vocabularies )
  - knowledge representation: infer with definitional knowledge
  - specific domain/industry vocabularies
- DARPA Agent Markup Language: ontologies, rules
- Industry Standards:
  - Web
  - Agents, Business Processes, Workflow
  - E-Commerce
  - Industry-Specific
  - *Legal XML*
- *Law: Electronic Signatures, ...*
- *Reusable Contract doc's on Web: CommonAccord, our work, ...*

# *Applications: Current and Visions*

- product and contract/deal descriptions
  - negotiation
  - authorization
  - automating legal reasoning and processes
  - evidence
  - regulations
  - Alternative Dispute Resolution
  - adjudication, legal decision-making
  - ...
- ?pointers?*

- Thanks!
- Questions?
- Comments? Pointers?
- For More Info:
  - <http://www.mit.edu/~bgrosof/>
  - links to <http://www.research.ibm.com/rules/>

# Speaker Bio

- Benjamin Grosf is Douglas Drane Assistant Professor in Information Technology at MIT Sloan School of Management. His research is to create and study knowledge-based information technology for e-commerce applications, including high-level business/agent communication, information integration, contracts/negotiation, trust, product descriptions, business rules/policies, Web services, and e-marketplaces. The pioneer of inter-operable XML business rules and of their application to contracting, he co-leads the RuleML emerging industry standards effort on inter-operable XML/RDF rules. He is PI currently for a project in the DARPA Agent Markup Language (DAML) initiative, to create Semantic Web technology and explore its business applications.
- Previously, he was a senior research scientist at IBM T.J. Watson Research Center (12 years there), where most recently he conceived and led IBM CommonRules (V3.0 currently on IBM alphaWorks) and co-led its application piloting for rule-based XML agent contracting in EECOMS, a \$29Million NIST industry consortium project on manufacturing supply chain management. His notable technical contributions also include fundamental advances in rule-based security authorization, conflict handling for rules, rule-based intelligent agents, and integration of rules with machine learning. He is author of over 30 refereed publications, two major software releases, and a patent. His recent service includes co-chairing the AAAI (National Conference on Artificial Intelligence) Workshops on AI in E-Commerce (1999) and Knowledge-Based E-Markets (2000). His background includes 2 years in software startups, PhD in Computer Science (specialty AI) from Stanford University, and BA in Applied Mathematics from Harvard University.

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# *OPTIONAL SLIDES FOLLOW*

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# *Launch Vector: My Background*

## *E-Commerce Agents, Rules: Techno + Biz*

- Harvard BA math econ & mgm sci
- startups
- Stanford CS (Computer Science) PhD in AI
- IBM Watson Research: IA for EC
  - Led Intelligent Agents, Business Rules for E-Commerce
- MIT Sloan: Information Technology group
- Technology end of B-school IT world
- CS + Business Perspective (cf. Industry, cf. B-school):

*theory theory*



*practical  
theory  
+ pilot app's*

- how/where the technology is useful, important
- business value; implications for processes & strategies
- market evolutions; innovation paths; organizational changes

# *Background in Law-related Research*

- Overall: formally represent policies and info as rules
- Evidential Reasoning: probabilistic, fuzzy, ...
- Bureaucratic Processes as domain
  - pioneer within AI knowledge representation community
- Argumentation with rule-based beliefs:
  - **efficient** algorithms
  - theory
  - bridge to commercially practical rule-based/database systems
- Contracting & Negotiation, Authorization & Trust
- *Invited Speaker at 2001 International Conference on AI & Law*:
  - “Automating Law in the Small: Contracts, Regulations, and Prioritized Argumentation”



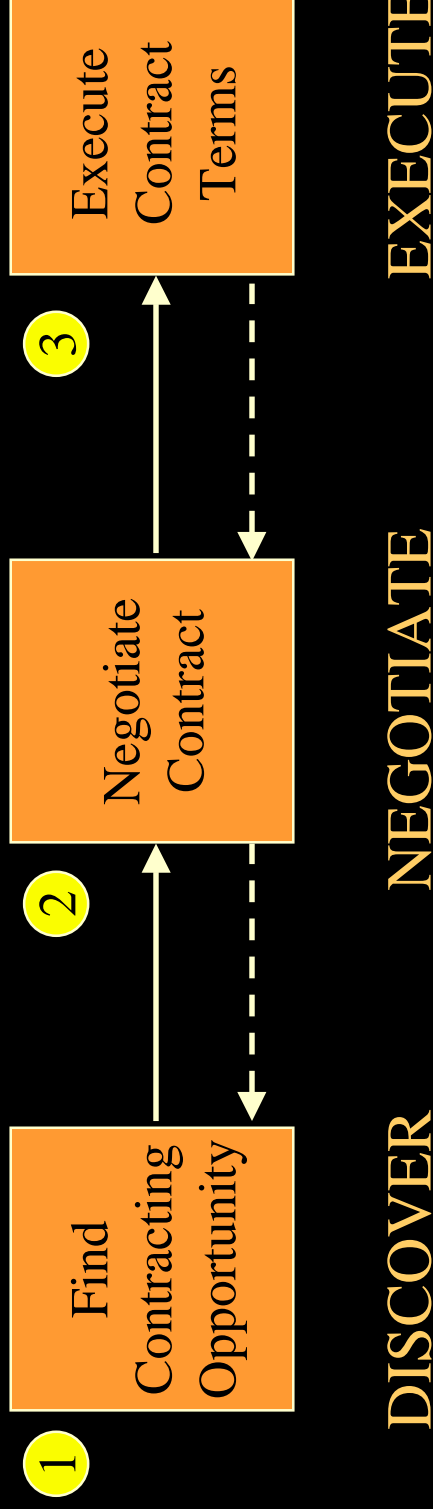
# *Intelligent Agents in Web E-Commerce*

- *Today:* especially in the discovery phase of shopping
  - sales agents: recommend products, target ads
  - buyer agents: find vendors; compare offers on price, delivery, and availability
- *Coming soon to a world near you:...*
  - billions/trillions of agents
  - ...with smarts: knowledge gathering, reasoning, economic optimization
  - ...**doing our bidding**
    - but with some autonomy

# *Automating Contracting*

- “Contract” in broad sense: = offering or agreement.
- “Automate” in deep sense: =
  - 1. Communicatable automatically.
  - 2. Executable within appropriate context of contracting parties’ business processes.
  - 3. Evaluable automatically by contracting parties.
    - “reason about it” .
  - 4. Modifiable automatically by contracting parties.
    - negotiation, auctions.

# Contracting 1-2-3



- Applies to any contracting, electronic or not.
- May iterate or interleave these steps.
- Boundaries not necessarily sharp.